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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Why Should We Care?

Though the tree be not just for the bird to nest in,
She sets the twigs and the nest is there;
Though the world be not just for man to be blest in,
He walks her green ways and breathes her fresh air.

The rich days open and spill their splendor;
Night shoes with silver the foot on her stair;
Aye, life has all that glory can lend her,
So what it all means, pray, why should we care?

The green lands blossom and the blue skies hover,
The warm winds blow, and the song birds pair;
Under Love's window comes, fluting, the lover,
And the loved one leans, with his rose in her hair.

The sun plunges over the hill to the water,
The stars are sure; God gives and to spare.
The man-child thrives, and beauty's fair daughter;
So, what it's all for, pray, what should we care?

—John Vance Cheney in Harper's.

THREE DIAMOND RINGS.

There had been a thunder shower in the night. All the pink, shell-like petals were beaten off the apple-blooms; the high grass in the orchard lay in long, flat waves close to the ground; the very daffodils and tulips in the borders were crushed into the rich black mould; and Janie Barr was trying to tie them up again with as tender a sympathy as if they had been little children fallen down.

When suddenly Mrs. Barr came out with a perturbed face.

"There!" said she. "I knew there would be trouble."

"What is it, mother?" said Janie, cheerily.

"It's those worn-out shingles on the roof," said Mrs. Barr, in the melancholy half-whine which was habitual to her. "The rain leaked in on the boarder's bureau all night long and she says she won't stay here if she isn't to be properly protected from the elements."

Janie tied the last puce-colored tulip to its stake and straightened herself up.

"We must have the roof mended," said she.

"Who is to do it?" sighed Mrs. Barr. "There ain't a carpenter to be had since Squire Follett commenced the new cottages, and even Crazy Jim won't go up on that steep roof. And if Mrs. Lepell goes away what shall we do about the interest on your father's old note?"

"She won't go away, mother—never fear," said Janie, brightly. "Don't fret. You'll see that things will all come right."

"But the shingles must be fixed right away," said Mrs. Barr.

"They shall be fixed, mother" said Janie.

"Who will do it?" impatiently repeated the widow.

"I will!" said Janie.

"That's all nonsense!" groaned Mrs. Barr.

"Why shouldn't I mother?" said Janie, merrily. "Of course I haven't been brought up to a carpenter's trade, but any one could manage a few shingles and a handful of nails. You shall see, little mother! Only wait!"

"Janie, if you think of such a thing, I shall be very angry!" said Mrs. Barr.

"Then I'll leave off thinking of it," said Janie. "Where's the basket and the clasp-knife mother? I am going to cut some dandelion greens for dinner."

"Of course she is only joking," said Mrs. Barr to herself as she returned slowly to the house.

But Janie had never been more seriously in earnest in her life.

Mrs. Barr went to the Parish Sewing Society that afternoon.

Colonel Addison from the Valley Hotel, who was paying his addresses to Mrs. Lepell, the boarder, came with a spirited horse and a buggy to take her to the sea-beach, where a merry bathing-party were to take advantage of the tide and practice the noble art of swimming.

"Now is my time!" said Janie exultantly to herself.

But Mrs. Lepell came back before she had got twenty rods away from the house.

"Janie," said she, "I forgot to tell you that I had left my three diamond rings in the little left-hand drawer of the bureau. I might lose them in the water. I thought I would tell you, in case of fire, you know, or any other accident."

"Yes," said Janie; "but there won't be any accident."

Mrs. Lepell laughed, and ran back to the carriage and the impatient colonel.

And not till then did Janie perceive that a tall, half-grown lad, lurking behind the porch rails, was waiting to speak to her.

"Who are you?" said Janie, briskly. "What do you want? No, we haven't any old clothes. If you really want work, you had better go on to the new buildings, a mile up the road. I dare say they can find something for you to do there."

The lad mumbled out something, whether thanks or otherwise Janie was unable to discriminate, and shuffled away.

And, slipping on her hat and bolting the front door, she ran across the back meadows to Ralph Parsons' carpenter-shop, a quarter of a mile by the wood-path.

"I want a few shingles," said she, "and a pound of shingle-nails."

"What for?" Ralph asked.

"No matter," calmly retorted Jane, "How much will they cost?"

"They'll cost you about a quarter," said Ralph. "Is it a hen-coop you're going to build? Because if you'll wait until Saturday, I could do it for you."

"It isn't a hen-coop, and I can't wait until Saturday," said Janie, shaking the bright-brown curls out of her eyes. "Here's the quarter. And you needn't think, Ralph Parsons, that we are going to call upon you again until we've paid something on the bill that we owe you already."

She nodded good-by, and hurried away under the canopy of pink apple-blossoms.

Ralph looked admiringly after her. "She's a regular clipper of a girl, that Janie Barr!" said he. "If ever I'm able to support a wife, that will be the one I'll choose."

Light as thistledown, Janie hurried back with her precious bundle of shingles, and the pound of nails in her pocket.

"Now I'll show them whether I can mend the roof or not," said she, as, with a hammer added to her stock in trade, she ascended to the garret and climbed to an odd little ladder that led out through a rusty trap-door to the steep roof.

The slant was abrupt, the old shingles were wet with the recent rain, and slippery with greenmoss incrustations, but Janie Barr was not one lightly to be discouraged, and presently she found herself neatly balanced with her feet braced against the broad gutter, one elbow leaning on the roof and the other hand busily engaged tearing away the old shingles and replacing them deftly with overlapping rows of new, fragrant wood.

The click of the hammer, the ring of the nails, was like music in her ears. It meant that she had saved her mother's bill of several dollars, to say nothing of mental tribulations which could not be estimated; that Mrs. Lapell would still remain with them, and that she, Janie, had actually proved herself of some use in the world.

"I've always wished I had been born a boy, instead of a girl," mused Janie. "But now," with an exultant glance at the neat row of shingles, "I am not so dissatisfied with my lot in life."

Suddenly, however, as she sat perched like a squirrel on the slanting roof, the sound of voices struck on her ear. She paused to listen.

"Three diamond rings! I heard her say so herself. In the left hand drawer of some bureau," said the same accents, which half an hour ago had asked her for charity. "And no one but a woman in the house!"

Sure of that?" said a deeper voice.

"Yes, plum-sure," was the answer. "And I wouldn't wonder if there was other things for the picking up."

"Come on, then, said the other one, "and step lively. We can't stand here jawing all day. The door bolted, is it? Wait a minute, I've got a little joker here as would start any staples this side of Denver."

Janie had listened in breathless horror. In an instant, as it were, she comprehended the full danger that menaced Mrs. Lepell's treasured gems—the three diamond rings that the boarder had once told her were worth thousands of dollars. And here was she alone and helpless!

Hurriedly she turned over the crisis in her mind. If she were to re-enter the house by the same way in which she had left it she must certainly meet these ruffians and any resistance which she could offer would be speedily overpowered. But Janie Barr was not one to hesitate long. While the thoughts yet careered through her brain, she sprang from the eaves to the blooming boughs of the great cherry tree, which grew so close to the house that its branches scraped the roof on windy March days.

It was a hazardous thing to do for any one who was not swift of limb and accurate of eye, but Janie alighted like a cat on the fork of the tree, climbed lightly down until she reached its lower bough, and thence leaped breathlessly to the ground, springing swiftly across the meadows toward Ralph Parsons' carpenter shop.

"If he is not there," she thought, some of his men will be."

"Janie, what is it?"

Ralph Parsons himself rose up out of the green hedges, directly across her path.

"I was drinking at the Ice Cold spring," he said, "when I heard your footsteps. What is it?"

She told him as well as she could for excitement and breathlessness.

"Come," she cried. "Do make haste!"

He paused only to blow a small willow whistle which hung on his steel watch guard.

"That will bring my workmen," he said. "Its a signal we have agreed upon among ourselves for just such an emergency as this. You and Jones, Janie, shall go around to the back door, Hall and Robbins will watch the front, and I'll go up and settle the fellows."

Janie glanced with shy admiration into his set, determined face. After all, it was something to be a man.

The little campaign was skilfully conducted. The two thieves were taken, the diamond rings were delivered into Janie Barr's keeping, and the ruffians were dragged to the nearest jail.

"Oh, Ralph," said Janie, when all the little crowd was gone, "how can I ever thank you?"

He smiled.

"By letting me put on these shingles for you," he said.

"I can't!" said Janie, laughing and blushing. "They are put on already. But I'll promise you my next job of carpentering."

"Will you let me be your carpenter always, Janie?" he asked. "Will you promise one day to be my wife?"

The words had risen almost involuntarily to his lips as he held her hand in his—the words he had so longed, yet dreaded, to speak.

And Janie hung her head and colored like a carnation and said she "would see."

And Ralph Parsons knew that he had won the day.

Mrs. Barr and the boarder were alike amazed when they returned home.

"Our Janie to circumvent a gang of burglars!" said the proud mother.

"To save my three diamond rings?" hysterically cried Mrs. Lepell.

"But that isn't all I have done, mother," said Janie laughing. "I have shingled the roof. And—I have promised to marry Ralph Parsons next spring. Upon the whole, I think it has been rather an eventful day, mother, don't you?"

And Mrs. Barr did not quite know what to answer.—Saturday Night.

Buried in Short Graves.

About midway between Colton and San Bernardino, a short distance west of Mount Vernon avenue, is to be observed an old cemetery. But few persons seem to know much or anything about its history. It is evident that it has been the burying grounds for the Indians and the evidences of the interment of many bodies are plainly to be observed, though the sage bush grewn over them. Some of the mounds are plainly visible, and some and most of them are located by a depression of the ground.

Some of the graves have at the head (or supposed head) a time worn and simple representation of a cross. Others have nothing, and still others have a small line of boulders around the graves.

The strangest feature to be observed in this ancient, and almost forgotten city of the dead, is that all of the graves are very short. None of them appear to exceed in length three feet, but are of the customary width.

An old settler explained this singular circumstance by the dislike of the average Mission Indian for work. It was less labor to dig a grave three feet long, than one whose length was six feet, Therefore they doubled the bodies of their dead like a jack-knife, bringing the feet to the side of the head, and binding them with branches of young willows.—San Bernardino, (Cal.) Sun.

An Unconscious Pickpocket.

A rather singular case of a person being a pickpocket without his knowledge has come to light. It appears that on Saturday night a gentleman living in Henshaw street had his attention called to a strange appendage to his coat. Hanging from a button at the back was a gentleman's watch and chain. He was somewhat alarmed at the discovery, and hastened to the police station to meet the loser of the "ticker." In passing among the crowd the unconscious pickpocket must have rubbed against the possessor of the watch and the button catching the chain, had taken the timekeeper from the pocket.

This is no isolated case for an inspector, who is now a chief constable in the south of England greatly surprised his fellow officials one night by walking into the police station after a push through the Wakes with a ladies' watch and chain suspended from a back button of his coat. The "theft" was soon reported by the lady in question and the missing articles promptly handed to her, after she had more than once congratulated the police upon their smartness in so speedily running the criminal to earth.—Oldham, England, Chronicle.

Some Bible Facts.

A prisoner in solitary confinement was given a copy of the Bible, and after three years' cereful study he obtained these facts: The Bible contains 3,586,489 letters, 773,692 words, 31,174 verses, 1,139 chapters and 66 books. The word "and" occurs 46, 277 times, the word "Lord" 1,355 times, the word "reverend" but once, which is in Psalms cxi., verse nine. The most readable chapter he counted Acts xxvi. The longest verse in the book is Esther viii. nine. The shortest verse John xi. 35.

The monetary value of the fifty-one orders possessed by Bismarck is estimated at $20,000. The weight of these symbols of honor would be more than the prince could stagger under at his advanced age.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

The Atlantic takes its name from Mount Atlas.

The Japanese religion demands that a man must worship on the soil every day.

Silk is so cheap in Madagascar that the poorest people wear clothing made of it.

One of the eccentricities of the Chinese appetite is to eat live shrimps.

The water of the Mediteranean contains greater proportions of salt than that in the ocean.

No part of the Atlantic Ocean between Europe and Newfoundland exceeds 2,400 fathoms.

When the Gulf Stream passes out of the Gulf of Mexico its temperature is about 70 degrees.

A bunch of eleven rattlers was killed recently within two blocks of the Columbus, Ohio, postoffice.

Only about one man in every twenty-five who seeks to enlist in the United States Army is accepted.

Bicycles are so common on Broadway New York City, nowadays that nobody pays any attention to them.

Carpets were introduced into England during the reign of Mary, in 1553. They were then considered effeminate.

A wealthy Englishwoman has married a colored man, who, previous to this union, has made his living as a clog dancer in variety halls.

The British Museum possesses a collection of old Greek advertisements printed on leaden plates which show that the practice is very ancient.

The remedial effects of laughter are really wonderful. Cases have been known where a hearty laugh has banished disease and preserved life by a sudden effort of nature.

At Gubbio, in Italy, a spiritualistic medium recently promised to put a mother in communication with her dead son. When she saw flames and and sulphurous smoke coming out of the cabinet she was convinced that he was lost, went staring mad, and will not recover. The medium is to be prosecuted.

The Ghost of a Tree.

While on a visit to London I was asked by a Mr. S. to call upon him at his home in a town some miles from the city. He lived in a detached villa with a large garden at the back of it. We had just got there when he asked me to have a look at his garden so I went out along with his wife and himself. But no sooner had I stepped onto the plot of grass immediately anjoining the house than, right on the upper edge of the this plot, I thought I saw a large and beautiful fruit tree covered with white blossoms and on walking nearer to it I found the tree dissolved away, and actually no tree was there. I was so astonished at this phantom spectacle that I spoke about it to Mr. S. and immediately both he and his wife exclaimed: "That is extraordinary," as there actually stood there, on the very spot, a large fruit tree, which was cut down and taken away a month ago, as it never bore fruit, but was at spring time a mass of blossom; but its branches overhung the grass plot so that it was thought best to move it." I had never seen this place before, or knew anything of the tree, or the circumstances connected with its removal. I thought this incident peculiar, and wondered how the ghost of a tree could be sensed as an existent thing on the atmosphere. Since then I have learned that the spiritual embodiment of the tree had as much right to exist as our own spiritual body. Several incidents of the same kind have taken place since that time, and I conclude that nothing exists materially but has a spiritual counterpart.—New Age.

Pete's Mistake.

He was the owner's nephew and when he came to the ranch "to learn something about raising cows, you know," he was unanimously nicknamed "The Kid." Shortly after his arrival he came over to the kitchen one morning while the boys were at breakfast and sought Pete, the cook, in dismay.

"I say, Pete, have you seen anything of my camphorated chalk?"

"Your—how much?"

"My camphorated—my tooth powder."

"What might it look like, Kid?"

"It's a white powder in a little round tin, and—

"Well, I'll be blamed! Say, were that teeth powder? Why, I asks yer pardon, Kid, but I thoug't 'twas bakin' powder and used it in ther biscuits!"

Sugar Pine Scarce.

Our sugar pine timber is becoming scarcer every year, and unless measures are adopted for its preservation from wanton destruction it will not be many years before the most valuable will have dissappeared entirely, says the Calaveras (Cal.,) Prospect. But a few years back any amount of the finest kind of this lumber could be found at any of the sawmills, but now it is a difficult matter to get even a descent sugar pine board at an exorbitant price.

TRANSPORTATION.

A DROP IN FREIGHT RATES FAVORABLE TO FOREIGNERS.

The Present Low Charges Practically Bring Foreign Goods for Nothing—An Important Point in the Contest for the American Markets.

In their attacks upon the McKinley bill as a "culminating atrocity," the tariff reformers are fond of pointing out how much higher were the tariff rates of the McKinley bill than those of the early days of our country—in the days when our industries were really "infant industries." Of course, they utterly ignore the fact that our free list was constantly increased, until under the McKinley bill, more than half of our imported products were admitted free. That was only to be expected. But there is another aspect which they as persistently ignore.

The object of the protective tariff in the early days was to measure the difference in cost of production, and the "fathers" were in nowise particular if they measured something more than that. The sole object of the protective tariff now is to measure the difference in cost of production. The tariff rate is higher now than in those early days. Do the protectionist claim, then, that the cost of production has decreased more rapidly in other countries than in America? Have other countries thus outstepped us? Not at all. There comes in here another element.

The tariff reformers have been so busy with their theories that they have forgotten to give any attention to facts. The difference in the cost of transportation a hundred years ago and the cost now has entirely escaped their notice. In terms of political economy the cost of transportation is a part of the cost of production. It is strange that the tariff reformers who usually stick so closely to their text books should overlook this important element, but so it is. Far removed from practical affairs as most tariff reformers are, yet even they would admit that there has been a tremendous drop in ocean freights.

The policy of a protective tariff is based on the soundest economic principles, and the protective tariff leaders, in estimating the cost of production, take into consideration the cost of transportation. Hamilton estimated that in his time the cost of transportation ranged from 15 to 30 per cent. of the cost of the goods in Europe; Jefferson estimated it at 20 per cent. But to-day Europe, Asia and Australia are at our doors. The cost of transportation in many classes of goods is less than 1 per cent. of the value of the goods. This is especially the case with cottons and woolens.

If the tariff reformers will give a little consideration to these facts they will understand why the increase in the percentage of tariff rates is necessary and will perhaps have a fuller comprehension of the real principles of political economy and a better understanding of their practical workings.

Want a Tariff for Revenue.

It seems as if it would be compulsory upon the incoming Congress to amend the existing tariff law in some particulars at least, if not entirely to cancel it, and enact a measure for protection. The country cannot continue under a tariff that produces nothing but deficiencies—deficiencies both in the Treasury and among the people.

The enormons quantities of foreign goods of every description that we are now buying are simply taking the place of our own products. The supply of goods over and above the daily requirements of the people is steadily accumulating. We know of orders to manufacturers having been canceled, and we know of goods having been delivered that are simply stored in wholesale houses, with no demand for them from the retail trade.

The people are not buying more food or more goods than they actually require. There is no such freedom in their purchasing power as they exhibited a few years ago. The retail trade is not stocking up its shelves in anticipation of any lively demand to come, but is merely asking for, and taking, small quantities of goods to meet its daily or weekly requirements. The retail stores of New York City are not doing a large or a satisfactory business.

A discussion of the policy of protection and its restoration is in order, is timely and is seasonable. It will tend to increase business, not to diminish it. The possibility even of establishing higher rates of duties has invariably caused a cheerful and hopeful feeling to permeate the country. The discussion of a free trade policy has invariably tended to depress all interests. Let us have more of the cheerful view of protection, the promoter of prosperity.

The South on the Right Track.

The indications are strong that Southern men are more willing than heretofore to consider carefully the principles on which protection to home industry is based. They have ceased to associate this National policy with hostility to the South. The Baltimore & Ohio and the Southern railroad companies are doing their utmost to attract new industries to places in their respective regions. Able Southern publications continue to demonstrate the importance of diversified industries. All that the South needs to be on the right track is to see that such industries are the direct outgrowth of protection and depend on it for prosperous development. It is only as the entire country advances in industrial independence that the South can expect the establishment of more factories within her own limits to develop her wonderful resources.

Free Trade Elsewhere.

During the last quarter of a century England's export trade of home produce has decreased from £195,000,000 a year in 1892 to £143,000,000 a year in 1894—a falling off of almost 25 per cent. This if the example that that the free traders desire this country to follow.

The Lion's Share.

During last March our imports of all foreign goods amounted in value to $69,291,533. Of this amount of foreign goods the Europeans sent us their share, amounting to $33,271,329, showing that almost one-half of our total imports came from Europe.

During the nine months ending March 31, 1895, our total imports from foreign countries aggregated $535,525,149, of which Europe sent us to the extent of $286,789,316, or more than half the total. Europe sold us more goods than North America, South America, Asia, Oceanica, Africa and all other countries combined. Evidently our latest tariff was a tariff for Europe.

If we look a little closer into these foreign exports we find that the United Kingdom sent us English goods worth $117,000,000, leaving loss than $170,000,000 worth of goods to be supplied by the other twenty European countries. It is very evident that the British lion got his share.

Labor's Outing—1892.

Labor's Outing—1894.

Cheap Labor Competition.

In a recent interview in Japan between Colonel Cockerill, of the New York Herald, and Count S. Okuma, ex-Minister of Finance, the statesman said: "For a time our young men who were sent abroad returned to us with an inclination toward the Manchester school—that is to say, those who gave political economy any sort of investigation were inclined to be free traders. To-day we have a very large and intelligent class turning toward protection." Count Okuma, who is a free trader, also said: "Our cotton mills and silk factories, iron and steel works, etc., with our cheap and skillful labor, will enable us to enter any market in the world." The candor of the Japanese ex-Minister is refreshing. The complacency with which he speaks of "cheap labor" stamps him as a confirmed free trader. It also shows the extent of the competition that American labor must be called upon to meet under a free trade policy in the United States.

The Question Won't Down.

In the six fiscal years 18891-894 inclusive the public expenditures of this country averaged $374,424,463. The most important question of the day is how the revenue required to meet such annual expenditures shall be raised henceforth. Protectionists hold that it should be procured largely by a wise, well framed tariff, avowedly intended to encourage and protect home industry, with the purpose of developing our great resources, maintaining good wages, securing steady, prosperous home markets for farm products and promoting generally the welfare of the American people.

Free traders, "revenue reformers," "low tariff" advocates and the like, who hold no opinions in common except hatred of protection, would raise the public revenue mainly by a combination of the income tax, or other class taxation, with a low tariff, framed with no guiding patriotic principle, and in servile imitation of the British customs duties. The Wilson tariff bill as sent from the House to the Senate is an instance of the piecemeal which Democrats would make of protection if they were not restrained by the protective element in their own and in the Republican party.

The lines are thus clearly drawn. The tariff question will not down. It is too closely connected with the vital interests of the American people to be shelved. The principle of protection must ever be reasserted in thunder tones and receive practical application.

The Time to Learn.

It is not when people are just about to vote that they should be told for the first time why they ought to uphold protection to home industry. Nor is it during the excitement and turmoil of campaign times that they can learn best why free trade has always injured this country, while protection has never failed to make it prosperous and happy. It is by cool, deliberate argument during periods of political quiet that protectionist principles can be inculcated most successfully.

Western Farmers Interested.

The New York Herald felicitates itself upon having the Merchants' Review of New York on its side in the modern battle of the Bovines, and in a moment of great exultation declared that all articles of food should be free of duty. What are our Western friends going to say about this? Do they wish for the experience of English farmers?

CONDITION OF THE CROPS

The Statistics as Compiled by the Department of Agriculture.

OFFICIAL FIGURES ABOUT WHEAT.

Decided Falling Off in the Condition of Cotton---A Reduced Acreage in the Southern Staple---The Growth of Oats and the Returns as to Barley, Rye and Rice---Prospects Encouraging.

The monthly returns of the correspondents of the Agricultural Department make the acreage of winter wheat at present growing, after allowing for abandonments, 96.1 per cent. of the area harvested in 1894. The percentages of winter wheat acreage, upon the basis indicated, of the principal States, are as follows: Ohio, 95; Michigan, 90; Indiana, 93; Illinois, 95; Kansas, 87, and California, 115. The percentage of spring wheat area for the entire country is 99.5 per cent, being but a slight reduction from last year's area. The percentages of spring wheat acreage of the principal States are: Wisconsin, 107; Minnesota, 100; Nebraska, 101; North and South Dakota, 100 each.

The condition of winter wheat has fallen decidedly since last report, being 71.1 per cent. against 82.9 on May 1. The condition reported June 1, 1894, was 83.2 per cent.

The condition of spring wheat shows an average for the whole country of 97.8 per cent. The average percentage of all wheat acreage is 97.1 and the condition of same is 78.6 per cent.

The result of the special investigation made by the Department in 720 cotton-growing counties shows that in eighty-eight there will be little or no change in acreage as compared with last year; 26 report an increase of 10 per cent. and less; two an increase of from 11 to 20 per cent.; three an increase of from 21 to 30 per cent., and three an increase of over 30 per cent.; 127 a decrease of 10 per cent. and less; 250 a decrease of from 11 to 20 per cent.; 158 a decrease of from 21 to 30 per cent.; 44 a decrease of from 31 to 40 per cent.; 7 a decrease of from 41 to 50 per cent. and 33 a decrease of over 50 per cent.

The consolidated returns of reports to the statistical division for the month of June show the average for the United States, 85.2, a reduction of 14.8 per cent. upon the revised acreage given out in May. The general average of condition for the country is 81, against 88.3 last year and 85.6 in 1893.

The preliminary report places the acreage of oats at 103.2 of last year's area. The returns make the condition 84.3, against 87 last June.

The returns as to barley make the acreage 104 per cent. of last year's breadth. The average condition of the crop on June 1 was 90.3 per cent., against 83.2 last year.

The acreage in rye is 96.7 of that of last year. Average condition June 1, 85.7 per cent.

The acreage of rice is 100.2 per cent. of that of last year, and the condition is 89.2.

CLEVELAND'S SUMMER HOME.

Mrs. Cleveland's Arrival There to Be Followed Soon by the President.

Mrs. Cleveland has taken up her residence for the summer in the President's seaside home, Gray Gables, Buzzard's Bay, Mass. The President will follow as soon as his official duties permit. A Buzzard's Bay dispatch says that the Government lighthouse tender Verbena has just been overhauled and her cabin constructed and refitted in such a way that it is supposed the steamer would be placed at the disposal of the President and family during the coming season. Hitherto the President has used his catboat Ruth.

MRS. CLEVELAND.

The Consolidated road has also built a snug little station near the Cleveland cottage and called it Gray Gables. Henceforth the President's visitors will stop there, for the main drive to the house leads from that point. Mr. Cleveland has shut off his grounds with a substantial fence. A new sign ornaments a board fastened upon a post at the terminus of the cross-country path. It reads:

Trespassing or shooting on these premises is positively forbidden.
GROVER CLEVELAND.

The new barn is on the southern sweep of a little hill near a turn in the main drive. This is for the President's cows and work horses.

The National Game.

The Minneapolis players all slide feet first.

Connor, of St. Louis, is hitting the ball as hard as ever.

Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston are fast going to the front.

O'Conner has made one error this year on the Cleveland grounds.

Meekin's arm is in bad condition. He has it under electrical treatment.

The Washington Club has filled an aching void at short stop by signing Glasscock.

The silver loving cup offered by the New York Club has been awarded to the Yale team.

Louisville has the losing record in the League for the season so far—fourteen straight.

Pitcher Knell has been released by Louisville and has accepted the terms of the Cleveland Club.

Rusie, of New York, seems to have the worst luck of any first-class pitcher in the League this season.

Any team which away from home wins half its games is strong enough to make a fight for the pennant.

Manager Sharrott, of Bangor, Me., threw his hip out in a slide last week, and will be laid up for a long time.

Cleveland needs a rattling good fielding and hitting third baseman to make hers the best infield in the League.

The Western teams of the League are not holding up their end of the stick in the games on Eastern grounds.

Thompson, of Philadelphia, never causes the umpire any trouble. Sam has never been fined since he started to play ball.

The Pittsburgs have one of the best catchers in the League in Sugden. He is diminutive in size, but he can handle speed without flinching.

Davis resigned as manager and captain of the New Yorks. He said things were not going along to suit him. Doyle was appointed manager and captain.

Clarke is proving himself to be a valuable man for New York. Twice when his club was in despair over their pitching department he went in and won a game.

Chicago pitchers have a trick of striking all the new balls on the heel plates of their shoes. Many a ball is cut in that way, and opposing clubs should keep their eyes open.

Cleveland has played better ball in the East than any other team of the West.

A CONNECTICUT MEMORIAL.

State Monument in Memory of the Twelfth Regiment.

The first regiment of Connecticut which has adopted plans for a State monument to be erected on one of the battlefields of the war under the new law is the Twelfth, and the testimonial will be placed in the National Cemetery at Winchester, Va.

A CONNECTICUT TRIBUTE.
(Monument to be erected to the Twelfth Regiment at Winchester, Va.)

The Twelfth was commanded by Colonel Henry C. Deming, of Hartford, who resigned the Mayoralty in order to accept the Colonelcy of the regiment. John W. Deforest, the novelist, of New Haven was a Captain in the Twelfth. Lieutenant-Colonel Frank H. Peck, of New Haven, was mortally wounded while leading the regiment at Winchester September 19, 1864.

The Twelfth was the first Union regiment that appeared in front of New Orleans during the war. It participated in the Mississippi campaigns, culminating at Port Hudson, where it met with heavy losses. In February, 1864, the command re-enlisted and was assigned to the Shenandoah, under Sheridan. It was one of the bravest infantry commands that were sent to the front from Connecticut. The present Mayor of New Haven, A. C. Kendrick, was a Captain in the regiment during the service, and is at the head of the regimental organization at the present time.

The monument will be of granite. On the face of the shaft will be the badge of the Nineteenth Army Corps, with which the Twelfth was identified in the Shenandoah. On the opposite side will be the State coat of arms, with the inscription, "Connecticut's Tribute to Her Fallen Heroes." The plans for the monument, designed by Stephen Maslen, of Hartford, have been approved by the army authorities at Washington, and a site has been assigned for its erection in the Winchester National Cemetery.

"CUTTING A DASH" ABROAD.

Ex-Tammany Chief Croker Gives Numerous Dinner Parties in London.

Richard Croker, the Ex-Chief of Tammany Hall, since his latest trip to London from New York has been hobnobbing with the swells of English society, according to cable dispatches. He gives numerous dinner parties, and has a box at the opera. Mr. Croker has also rented a magnificent house in London. A few days ago Mr. and Mrs. Croker left London for Ireland, where Mr. Croker is to conclude the purchase of an estate.

RICHARD CROKER.

KILLED A SCHOOLGIRL.

A Married Man Falls in Love and Commits Murder and Suicide.

The people of Osterville, Mass., were stirred by the murder of Lizzie Coleman, thirteen years of age, while she was on her way to school. Henry Litkey, who killed her, shot himself dead immediately afterward.

Litkey was a married man with a wife and three children in Germany. He has been employed on the farm of Mr. S. S. Leonard for the last six years. He was steady and honest and a faithful laborer. For the last six months he has been infatuated with the Coleman girl, and had passed much time at the home of Mr. Coleman. His infatuation was noticed by the family of the girl recently, and Mr. Coleman forbade his coming to the house. Litkey made the girl several presents and gave a few trifles to the mother.

The girl, with her two brothers, started for school at 8 30 o'clock a. m. Litkey was in the habit of meeting her on the way to school and speaking with her, and he often intercepted her on her way home. As soon as he met the children he fired two shots at one of the boys, but missed him. He then asked him what he had to say about turning him out of doors. The boy replied:

"I did not say that. Father was the one who said it."

Litkey then turned to the girl and shot her twice. The first shot went through her mouth and the second shot took effect in the back of her head and neck. As she fell dying, he turned the weapon upon himself. The ball passed through his head and he died instantly. He was about fifty years old.

STOLE $300,000.

Revelations as to the Wrecking of Willimantic's First National Bank.

The report of James E. Hayden, Receiver of the Natchaug Silk Company of Willimantic, Conn., was submitted to court. The report is the sensational climax of the wrecking of the First National Bank of Willimantic by its cashier, the late O. H. K. Risley.

The report shows that Risley stole over $300,000 in the Natchaug Silk Company, stealing the bank's assets and capital stock to do it, and covering up his tracks by forgery and misrepresentation.

How successfully he did this is shown by the fact that at the time of his death the stock of the bank sold above par, and there was not a breath of suspicion that the bank was not in a flourishing condition. As a matter of fact, it had been robbed of every available asset, and there was nothing to show where the money had gone.

The Louisiana Silver Men.

The first gun of the free silver campaign in Louisiana was fired at New Orleans when the Bimetallic Convention was opened in Washington Artillery Hall. The result was the formation of the Louisiana Bimetalic League, which has undertaken to organize the silver forces of the State for work. The convention consisted of 2500 delegates of all parties. State and city officials hastened to declare their allegiance to the silver standard. Cleveland and Carlisle were denounced in the resolutions.

Hawaii's New Minister.

The Hawaiian Government has commissioned William B. Castle as its Minister to Washington. Mr. Castle will proceed to his post in August with his family. He was the second member of the Commission, of which Mr. Thurston was the head, which negotiated the treaty of annexation with President Harrison in February, 1893.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 1, 1894.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City, at 11:35, A. M., and at 6:50 P. M, Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:35 P. M., and 9:00 A. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Mail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven, connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER ROUTE.

The steamers Neuse and Newberne leave Elizabeth City daily except Friday and Sunday at 6 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. N. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc. Returning, leave Newbern, daily except Tuesday and Saturday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Newberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington, N. C.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Manag'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Agt.

Hotels

New Albemarle House

Mr. & Mrs. SAWYER Props,

Cor. Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C. First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 per day.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

☞ Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

GEORGE W. BELL,

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

Wood for Sale.

I have opened a WOOD YARD at the Poindexter Creek Bridge and keep a good supply of good wood on hand. Will sell by the load or cord and will saw and deliver when desired.

W. H. STARK.

FRED DAVIS

DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled.

☞ All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,

Successor to John H. Ziegler,

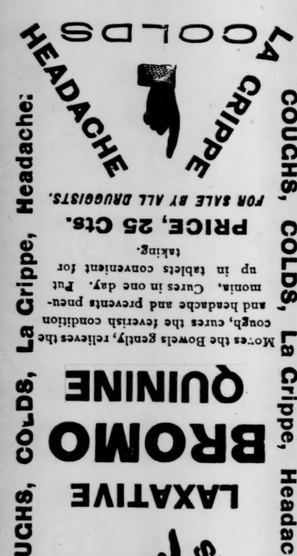
Dealer in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS,

when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth-covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty. At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street. ☞ All kinds of Cabinet Work done.


HEADACHE
La Grippe
COUGHS, COLDS, La Grippe, Headache.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
PRICE, 25 Cts.
Cures in one day. Put up in tablets convenient for taking.
Moves the Bowels gently, relieves the cough, cures the feverish condition and headache and prevents pneumonia.
COUGHS, COLDS, La Grippe, Headache.
LAXATIVE
BROMO
QUININE
COLDS
COUGHS

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

WHEN ADVERTISING IS WANTED.

There is nothing on earth so mysteriously funny as a newspaper advertisement. The prime, first, last and all the time object of an advertisement is to draw custom. It is not, was not and never will be designed for any other human purpose.

Some merchants wait till their stores are so full of customers that can hardly get their hats off, and then they rush to the newspapers and put in their advertisements. When the dull season gets along, and there is little trade, and they want to sell goods so bad they can hardly pay rent, they take out their advertisement. But, then it is, the level-headed merchant puts in a bigger one and scoops the trade.

Advertisements are built to do hard work, and should be sent out in dull days, when a customer has to be knocked down with hard facts and literally kicked insensible with reductions in prices before he will spend a cent. That's a prime end and aim of an advertisement. The time for a merchant to draw business is when he wants business, instead of when he has more business than he can attend to already.

DECLINED THE FEE.

It is every way creditable to ex-President Harrison that he declined the $10,000 retaining fee offered to him by the Indiana State Liquor League to fight in the Courts the Temperance law passed by the Legislature. It is said that this League has collected a fund of $60,000 to defeat the measure. The Republicans of the country, and, indeed, all good citizens will, if possible, feel a greater degree of pride than ever before in Benjamin Harrison for having refused to use his legal ability and persuasive eloquence in a bad cause, notwithstanding the offer of a fat fee.

ENCOURAGING.

A correspondent of the Baltimore "Sun," who has made a journey thro' the South, from Maryland to Texas, reports decided signs of progress all along the line. New enterprises are springing up, and building is active. The correspondent thinks that the cotton acreage has been decreased 15 per cent, and corn increased in proportion. The corn fields give promise of an abundant yield, enough, probably, to more than meet the home demand. It is evident that our Southern country is advancing industrially in every direction, and that it is also learning how to make a more profitable use of its vast agricultural resources.

SMALL FARMS.

When our North Carolina farmers can be made to understand that a small farm intelligently cultivated is much more profitable than a large one only half tilled they will have made a great advance in agriculture. The German farmer succeeds in getting more money from a 20 acre farm than the average North Carolinian from 100 acres, for the reason that he diversifies his crop, husbands the producing quality of his land and converts into compost what the North Carolinian allows to go to waste.

SUFFERING AT OKLAHOMA.

The news that there is great want and suffering among the settlers at Oklahoma is not surprising in view of the conditions that prevailed last year and the year before. These people entered the newly opened territory at precisely the worst point in the late financial depression. They were of an improvident class, and had gone there in the expectation of making big fortunes with small outlay or exertion. The result is precisely what might have been expected.

If the Democratic party could only divert public attention from its record of wreck and ruin it would lose less sleep and be less disturbed by financial nightmares.

The Democratic deficiency policy will be fully illustrated in the Presidential vote of 1896. And it will be a deficiency which cannot be remedied by a bond issue.

If the Democratic party has been successful in a single particular in the management of the Government we would like to see it pointed out.

The Kentucky Republicans are on the aggressive this year, with so much in their favor that it does not seem possible for them to be beaten.

It has become a well-recognized political fact that the man who enters a Cleveland Cabinet leaves all hope of the Presidency behind him.

It is beginning to be evident that a good many statesmen, like the little girl's doll, are stuffed with sawdust.

Who can name the Coming Man?

THE WORK OF THE COMMON SCHOOL TEACHER.

Few appreciate the part the teachers of our common schools play in the destiny of a nation like ours. The brilliant statesman, the brave and successful soldier, the great financier, the inventor, each is allotted his place in public estimation. Historians and scholars and University professors may attain fame, but it is seldom that the patient, unostentatious work of the common school teacher meets with the plaudits of the public; and yet it is his work which lays the foundation of all knowledge.

The carpentr's apprentice is always anxious to begin to build a house, and it is a disappointment to him when an exacting master keeps him at work measuring, and marking, and sawing, and planing a board until after long and tedious waiting and working he finds that he can make a perfect joint, he finds the building of a house an easy task. So the common school exercises develop and strengthen the growing intellect.

The long round of apparently useless problems of arithmetic, the intricate mazes of grammar and rhetoric, the declension and conjugations, their rules and exceptions—all these are merely the training the mind to the grasp of details, the development of the perceptive powers and the training of the reason. It is learning to acquire the use of the tools which nature has provided.

This is the drudgery which seems long and tedious to the pupil, but which is unending to the teacher. This it is which prepares men to detect and overcome fallacies and sophistries which everywhere confronts them and to eliminate which our logic used to call the "undistributed middle" which so often enters into the syllogisms of life.

This is the burden and the duty which rests upon the common school teachers, and its moment to the nation is inestimable. While others may reap the rewards of fame and pecuniary benefits, yet we owe a debt of gratitude beyond all computation to the educators who are engaged in this foundation work.

WILL BE SOLVED.

The problems that to-day confront us—and they are both numerous and serious—will find proper solution. Upward, not downward; forward, not backward, is the true expression of present day tendencies; and in spite of all ephemeral movements that seem to threaten disaster, the words of the poet are the creed of all sane thinkers:

Oh, yet we trust that somehow good
Will be the final goal of all.

Where the best crops are produced weeds never gain a foothold, and never have a chance to grow. This law is universal. Weeds do little injury to good farms, and on the contrary good farming exterminates all weeds. This fundamental truth sho'ld be taken into consideration whenever the question of weeds comes up.

Miss Honeybuss, a West Virginia school teacher, had a big boy pupil chastised for kissing her without her consent. The boy probably wanted to learn whether a kiss by any other name would taste as sweet.

LITERARY NOTICES.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.—One of the noteworthy features of Harper's Magazine for June is the story of A Frontier Fight, by Gen. G. A. Forsyth, U. S. A, with illustrations by R. F. Zogbaum—a story to arouse enthusiasm in even the most blase of magazine readers. House-Boating in China and Rome in Africa are articles of uncommon interest, and, for that matter, so are The New Czar and the Grand Prix and Other Prizes. Add to these the chapters of two serials, Personal Recollections of Joan of Arc and Hearts Insurgent, and poems and short stories of the highest rank, and still the literary treasures of the old "new" magazine are inadequately suggested.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.—Chancellor Canfield, of the University of Nebraska (President elect of the University of Ohio) has written for Harper's Weekly an article on University Life in the Northwest, which will be published in June. Other important educational articles published in the Weekly during the month that brings to institutions of learning a great share of public attention are: The Centennial Anniversary of the University of North Carolina, by President Winston; The Centennial Anniversary of Union College, by President Raymond; The College for the Deaf at Washington, by N. B. Maury, and A Shipbuilder's Dual Monument (The Webb Home and School).

HARPER'S BAZAR.—Out of Town is the title of a beautifully illustrated series of papers to be publishen in Harper's Bazar, beginning in June. Cold Dishes in Hot Weather is another and a a more strictly practical series which will soon begin in the Bazar. It is from the pen of a gifted Spanish-American woman, Madame E. De La Torre Bveno. Among the Fashion features for the first and second weeks of June will be out-door costumes. bicycle and mountain, and beach toilettes in variety; also summer silks and pretty gowns for the evening.

Byron used a great deal of hair-dressing, but was very particular to have the best to be found in the market. If Ayer's Hair Vigor had been obtainable then, doubtless he would have tested its merits, as so many distinguished and fashionable people are doing now-a-days.

One man near Winston has sold his lettuce this year for $2,800.

THE CHILD'S PRAYER.

Into her chamber went
A little maid one day,
And by a chair she knelt
And thus began to pray:
"Jesus, my eyes I close;
Thy form I cannot see;
If thou art near me, Lord,
I pray thee speak to me."
A still small voice she heard within her soul:
"What is it, child? I hear thee. Tell me all."

"I pray thee, Lord," she said,
"That thou wilt condescend
To tarry in my heart
And ever be my friend.
The path of life is dark,
I would not go astray!
Oh, let me have thy hand
To lead me in the way."
"Fear not, I will not leave thee, child, alone."
She thought she felt a soft hand press her own.

"They tell me, Lord, that all
The living pass away;
The aged soon must die,
And even children may.
Oh, let my parents live
Till I a woman grow,
For if they die, what can
A little orphan do?"
"Fear not, my child. Whatever ills may come,
I'll not forsake thee till I bring thee home."

Her little prayer was said,
And from her chamber now
She passed forth with the light
Of heaven upon her brow.
"Mother, I've seen the Lord,
His hand in mine I felt,
And, oh, I heard him say
As by my chair I knelt:
"'Fear not, my child. Whatever ills may come,
I'll not forsake thee till I bring thee home.'"
—Hodges Reed.

ONE COINCIDENCE EXPLAINED.

A New Advertising Trick In the Book Trade Which Had Its Success.

"Have you a novel called ——, by ——?" asked a young woman of an attendant in a city library.

"No, and we never heard of the book until today, but we have had at least ten applicants for it since 9 o'clock this morning. I beg your pardon, but would you please tell me how you heard of that book?"

"Why," she replied hesitatingly, "I received a note from a friend telling me to read it."

"Well," he said, with a smile, "the others who applied had heard of it in the same way."

The young woman looked surprised, but said nothing and passed out. A man who had overheard the conversation spoke of it to his wife that evening as a curious coincidence.

"Coincidence, fiddlesticks!" she said. "Wait a moment until I show you what I received this morning." And going to her desk she brought this note for him to read:

MY DEAR—If you want a surprise read ——, by ——. You will immediately recognize the character ——. Hastily yours, E.

"Well, I thought over all of the Ellas, Evas, Emmas and Elizabeths of my acquaintance," she went on, "but I could not recognize the handwriting. It was a clear, round hand, but unformed, like a child's. Coincidence, indeed! It is a clever advertisement, new in the book trade, but I have seen similar letters. Four years ago a furniture firm sent out a clever imitation of a letter, written in a delicate feminine hand, dated at a country villa and addressed 'Ma chere amie.' It was a gossipy, pleasant letter, and at the end requested the friend to buy her two or three pieces of furniture, little pen and ink sketches of which were pinned to the corner. Of course the price and where to buy them were not overlooked."—New York Sun.

Both Died In Jerusalem.

Monk Gerbert, who ascended the papal throne under the title of Sylvester II, anticipating Roger Bacon, made a bronze head, which, like that owned by the reputed inventor of gunpowder, was capable of answering him like an oracle. From this head he learned that he would not die until he performed mass at Jerusalem, and so he determined to live forever, by taking especial care not to go to the Holy City. Unfortunately Gerbert soon found that brazen heads, like other juggling fiends, "but keep the word of promise to our ear and break it to our hope," for one day he was taken seriously ill just after he had celebrated mass in one of the churches at Rome. On inquiring the name of this particular church he heard, much to his dismay, that it was popularly known as "Jerusalem," and he died in great agony a few hours afterward. Five hundred years after this Master Robert Fabian gives us the story of the death of King Henry IV, and tells us how that in his youth it had been prophesied that he would die in Jerusalem, and that the prophecy, as in the case of Gerbert, was in a way fulfilled by the king dying in the Jerusalem chamber at Westminster. —London Standard.

The Foundation Stone of Success.

The one great rule of business is that of honesty, absolute and unqualified honesty, writes Edward W. Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. All the rules of business are worthless if they are not founded on that one and only foundation stone to true commercial success. Honesty is not alone the best policy in business. It is the one and only policy. Upon it, and upon it alone, can a good reputation be built, and a man in business without a reputation for honesty might just as well stop. Any deviation from the rule of honesty in business may bring temporary gain, but it invariably means permanent loss. On the other hand, a strict adherence to an honest policy may mean a temporary loss, but it is sure to result in a permanent gain.

Red Wine Vinegar.

Red wine vinegar is made just like cider vinegar, a shade greater care being taken, perhaps, to keep it clean and pure. The wine used comes largely from California and Ohio, which of late years has been making a good deal of it. The factory can easily turn out 80 barrels a day, and where one considers that a teaspoonful at a meal is a very large average for the ordinary adult it will be seen how far such a quantity will go.

The Only One To Stand the Test.

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years, in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analyzed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but

AYER'S

is the only one of them that I could recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be had."—WM. COPP, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

AYER'S

THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

When in doubt, ask for Ayer's Pills

It Fell Still-Born.

Caucasian.

The long talked of and much advertised Democratic history of the the last Legislature has arrived. It fell still-born, or rather "died a-horning." The Democratic State Committee met—they put their long faces together—the mountain was in labor and the mouse came forth. Yes the book has arrived, but it is minus the picture of the Democratic negro magistrates. The Democratic machine desecrated the unveiling of the Confederate monument by trying to sell their Douglass edition on that day. But the people would not buy it. Then they tried to give it away, but when the people learned that it contained nothing but a rehash of what had appeared in the News and Observer, the people threw it down on the streets and would not take it home with them. One old veteran said that the News and Observer was not decent enough to go into his family circle, and that therefore the rehashed book could not go into his home. The Democratic machine is making itself ridiculous.

A North Carolina Woman an LL. D.

N. Y. Tribune.

The University of North Carolina has conferred the degree of LL. D. on Mrs. Cornelia Phillips Spencer, a North Carolina woman, now residing in Cambridge, Mass. She was born in this city more than sixty years ago, her father being Dr. James Phillips, an Englishman, who shortly after removed to College Hill, N. C., and became professor of mathematics in the University. She studied with her father, and was fully competent to receive the honors of the University, but women were not allowed its privileges. She has, nevertheless, taken constant interest in that institution, has contributed to the college magazines, and during the war and the reconstruction period she did much in sustaining its interests and furthering its re-establishment. She is a good classical scholar and the author of several works, among which are "The Last Ninety Days of the War," "A Child's History of North Carolina," and "Pen and Ink Sketches of the University of North Carolina." She also had many notable men as her pupils, among them Secretary Hoke Smith and Hannis Taylor.

Some people are constantly troubled with pimples and boils, especially about the face and neck. The best remedy is a thorough course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which expels all humors through the proper channels, and so makes the skin become soft, healthy and fair.

Sampson countp expects to realize $10,000 on its whortleberry crop this year.

SPRAINED HIS LEG.

A Merchant's Narrow Escape from Serious Injury.

A story has just came to light which shows the liability of mankind to accidents at all times. In this case the victim made every endeavor to keep the matter quiet, and has succeeded up to the present time. It has been the gentleman's boast that he had not been confined to his house a day for several years, and as his accident policy had just expired he thought it best to say nothing. The gentleman in question was walking along the street at night, when his foot suddenly turned, spraining the leg at the ankle, and confining him to his house for several days.

Had he read the colums of this paper carefully he would have known that there is one preparation on the market which will cure sprains very quickly—Quratol—manufactured by the Quratol Remedy company, of Norfolk, Va., and sold by all druggists at 50 cents a bottle.

Quratol will cure sprains, bruises, cuts, sores, burns, scalds, wounds, and all skin diseases.

Mr. George T. King, proprietor of the City mills, Richmond, Va., says: "I tried Quratol for a very severe sprain and swelling, and the result was entirely satisfactory. I would use it again under similar circumstances, and would recommend it to others."

Captain C. J. Iredell, ex-chief of police of Norfolk, says: "Soon after my appointment as chief of police of the city of Norfolk I sustained a severe sprain in my ankle. A few applications of Quratol as a wet bandage relieved the pain and allayed the swelling and enabled me to attend to my duties without loss of time. I do not hesitate to recommend it."

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

How to Cure Yourself while Using it.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. Baco-Curo is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin Physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure, purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while using Baco-Curo it will nouify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to permanently cury any case with three boxes or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. Baco-Curo is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists with our iron-clad guarantee at $1.00 per box, three boxes [thirty days treatment,] $2 50, or sent direct upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX, BOOKLET AND PROOFS FREE. Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing Company, Manufacturing Chemists, La Crosse, Wis.

☞ The word "flirtation," according to Lord Chesterfield, was manufactured by Lady Frances Shirley, who used it in the exact sense attached to it to-day.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

EXAMINATION OF APPLICANTS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Having qualified as County Examiner for Pasquotank Co., N. C., I hereby give notice that the regular Examination of applicants for public Schools in this county will be held, pursuant to law, at the Court House in Elizabeth City, on the first Monday in July, 1895.

The Examinations will begin at 9 o'clock, A. M. All applicants must be provided with paper and pencils.

The fee for this Examination will be $1.00 in advance. For Examination at any other time the fee will be $1.50 in advance.

GASTON POOL,
County Examiner.

DURHAM, N. C., Jan. 12, 1895.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I was rendered entirely helpless from rheumatism in my right side and arm and had to give up work. I used **Mexican Mustang Liniment** freely, and within a month I was able to be about and can now attend to my business regularly. Whenever my arm or side hurts me I rub the Mustang Liniment in well and plentifully, apply a warm flannel when going to bed, and in the morning all pain has disappeared. I hope all who are troubled with rheumatism will try this liniment and convince themselves of its value. Yours,

J. R. CLIFTON,
201 McManus St.
Weigher in Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co.

DURHAM, N. C., Jan. 11, 1895.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—For 15 years I have used **Mexican Mustang Liniment,** and consider it the best liniment on earth; I am never without it. I recently used it on a bad gall on my horse's neck and it cured it in 3 days. I had, also, a bad sprain in my leg and had to use crutches several days. As soon as I commenced to use MUSTANG LINIMENT I felt relief, and in a few days was entirely well. I recommend it to any one needing a liniment for horses or for self, with confidence that they will get their money's worth.

Yours, JNO. R. HUTCHINGS.
Of Carrington & Hutchings,
Prop's Ream's Warehouse, Durham, N. C.

Cleveland's Popular Evangelist

REV. A. N. CRAFT, D.D.
Cleveland, O.
Pastor Euclid Ave. M. E. Church.

writes Dr. Fenner: "I have used your Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic and find it the best remedy for a deranged state of the stomach, liver and bowels of any that I have ever used."

DR. FENNER'S
Kidney and Backache Cure
DID IT.
A Great Renal Depurant.

Cures all diseases of the kidneys, bladder, urinary passages. Female Weaknesses, Bed Wetting in children, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Skin and Blood Diseases, Swelled Limbs, Bright's Disease, Gravel or Stone in bladder, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Sample free.

Dr. Fenner's Pellets cure Sick Headaches, Constipation, etc. The best Family Physic.

Dr. Fenner's German Eye-Salve cures Sore Eyes, Cracked Lips, Piles, Skin Eruptions.

Dr. Fenner's Cough Honey. Relieves any cough, asthma, etc., in an hour.

Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief. A specific in any inflammation. Relieves burns, toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, or any pain in 10 to 90 minutes. Cures colic, dyspepsia, dysentary and flux; also bronchitis and consumption. One dose cures LaGrippe.

FOR SALE BY DR. J. E. WOOD,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late Thomas R. Mann, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, orit will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

W. W. MANN,
June 15, 1895. Administrator.

Notice of Administration.

HAVING qualified as administrator of the late Joseph Bright I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

T. J. MURDEN,
May 11th. 1895 Administrator.

Executor's Noticei

HAVING qualified as Executor of the late L. B. Midgett, Sr., I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of theri recovery.

JESSE E. MIDGETT,
May 11th, 1895. Executor.

Administratrix Notice.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late Charles Guirkin sr., I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

MRS. M. L. GUIRKIN.
April 12, 18 Administratrix.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administrator of Joseph Price and Nancy Price dec'd, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to their estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

W. M. PRICE,
April 6, 1895. Administrator.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,
Etc., Etc.
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
☞ Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER
106 FULTON MARKET,
New York
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Stencils furnished at a moment's notice.
Reference:—Guirkin & Co., Bankers, Izabeth City, N. C, and other Financial houses when desired

Established 1861,
Sml, M. Lawder&Son
Who'esale Commis-ion Dealers in

Fresh Fish,
SOFT CRABS
TERRAPIN, & C.
125 Light St., Baltimore, Md.
Quick Sales, Prompt Returns.

S. B. MILLER,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION
FISH Dealer,

7 FULTON FISH MK'T
NEW YORK.
North Corolina Shad a specialty. Stationery and Stencils furnished on application.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

DEALERS IN FISH,
Richmond Va,

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules or Ointment and Two Boxes of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes no operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case. You only pay for benefits received. $1 a box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail. Guarantees issued by our agents.

CONSTIPATION Cured, Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents.

GUARANTEES issued only by

Caleb Haley & Co.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of

FRESH FISH,

14 FULTON FISH MARKET.
New York.
Write for Stencils and Stationary.

"$100.00 Given Away Every Month

to the person submitting the most meritorious invention during the preceding month. WE SECURE PATENTS FOR INVENTORS, and the object of this offer is to encourage persons of an inventive turn of mind. At the same time we wish to impress the fact that

It's the Simple, Trivial Inventions That Yield Fortunes

—such as Do Long'a Hook and Eye, "See that Hump," "Safety Pin," "Pigs in Clover," "Air Brake," etc.

Almost every one conceives a bright idea at some time or other. Why not put it in practical use? YOUR talents may lie in this direction. May make your fortune. Why not try?

☞ Write for further information and mention this paper.

THE PRESS CLAIMS CO.
Philip W. Avirett, Gen. Mgr.,
618 F Street, Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

☞ The responsibility of this company may be judged by the fact that its stock is held by over one thousand of the leading newspapers in the United States.

THE MILD POWER CURES.

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.

They cure without purging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

FACT OF NUMBERS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1—Fevers,	Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2—Worms,	Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3—Teething;	Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4—Diarrhea,	of Children or Adults....	.25
5—Dysentery,	Griping, Bilious Colic....	.25
6—Cholera Morbus,	Vomiting.....	.25
7—Coughs,	Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8—Neuralgia,	Toothache, Faceache....	.25
9—Headaches,	Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25
10—Dyspepsia,	Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11—Suppressed or Painful Periods.		.25
12—Whites,	Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13—Croup, Laryngitis,	Hoarseness.....	.25
14—Salt Rheum,	Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15—Rheumatism,	or Rheumatic Pains..	.25
16—Malaria,	Chills, Fever and Ague....	.25
17—Piles,	Blind or Bleeding.....	.25
18—Ophthalmy,	Sore or Weak Eyes.....	.25
19—Catarrh,	Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20—Whooping Cough	.....	.25
21—Asthma,	Oppressed Breathing.....	.25
22—Ear Discharges,	Impaired Hearing	.25
23—Scrofula,	Enlarged Glands, Swelling	.25
24—General Debility,	Physical Weakness	.25
25—Dropsy,	and Scanty Secretions.....	.25
26—Sea-Sickness,	Sickness from Riding	.25
27—Kidney Diseases	.....	.25
29—Sore Mouth,	or Canker.....	.25
30—Urinary Weakness,	Wetting Bed..	.25
31—Painful Periods	.....	.25
34—Diphtheria,	Ulcerated Sore Throat..	.25
35—Chronic Congestions & Eruptions.		.25
EXTRA NUMBERS:		
28—Nervous Debility,	Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges.....	1.00
32—Diseases of the Heart,	Palpitation	1.00
33—Epilepsy,	Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance...	1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages,) MAILED FREE.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

SPECIFICS.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL
"THE PILE OINTMENT."
For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.
PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK

MONEY can be made at our New line of work by any one, young or old, and in either sex, wherever they live. You can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We send you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new lead, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

TH FINE WORKMEN.

Have your Watch Repaired by Hathaway Cor. Main and Water Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C.

TH FINE WORKMEN.

North Carolina

ron Works

AND

upply House.

chine Shop & Foundry,

CHINERY OF ALL KINDS

ade and Repaired.

nboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ABETH CITY, N. C.

to do Saw-Mill and and General Machine of all descriptions. of 16 to 48 inch ings Shafts 16 feet Gears 12 by 12 inches by 16

stock a full line of Bogy Iron Wheels; also Standard and are prepared to furn- Fronts and general Foundry short notice.

prepared to do our own and we guarantee our prices to compare with any

in our Supply Store a full Rubber and Leather Belting, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Engine and Rubber Pack- Injectors, Steam Guages, Gaskets of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe Fittings and Boiler

Wood and Iron Pul- Boxes, Collars, Shafting, and Rubber Roofing Paint, agents for Wood Working Engines and Boilers and of all description and Gaso- and Launches.

further information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE, Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor, C. Pool; Commissioners—Palen Fearing, Commander, Alson B. Seeley and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Collector, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Wm. Berry; Fire Commissioner and Chief, H. Zeigler.

Justices—Jas. C. Brooks, E. F. Lamb.

Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. H. Scriggs and W. J. Lumsden.

Services of each of the Churches and Church sts.

CHURCHES.

Episcopal, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor; Rev. C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Presbyterian, Rev. E. L. Williams, rector; Christian, Rev. F. H. Johnston, pastor; Methodist, Rev. H. Pettigrew, pastor; corner Stone, Elder Zion H. Outlaw, pastor; Olive Branch, Elder J. A. Outlaw, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, Rev. J. Hannan, pastor.

Y. M. C. A.—Rooms over Dr. McMullan's store, corner of Mathews and Main streets. Religious exercises every Sabbath afternoon at 3 o'clock. All gentlemen invited. J. B. Brades, Pres.; H. O. Pruyn, vice president; Jno. Seney, Sec'y; H. O. Hill, treasurer.

LODGES.

Masonic, Eureka Lodge No. 317; Dr. Jno. W. McMullan, W. M.; G. W. Brothers, Senior Warden; J. W., D. B. Bradley; Treas., R. Mann, Treasurer.

Odd Fellows, Achsah Lodge, No. 14; Jno. Outlaw, N. G.; E. F. Sawyer, V. G.; Jno. H. Marriott, Sec'y J. F. Sanders, Treas.

Knights of Pythias, Tiber Creek Council, No. 27; T. B. Wilson, Regent; Simons, Vice Regent; Noah Burgess, Jr., P. Overman, Secretary; Jno. Cook, jr., Collector; W. J. Woodhouse, Treas.; W. W. Mann, Warden; Jno. Seney, Sentry; Dr. W. J. Lumsden, Examiner; Fred. Davis, Recorder; J. Salomonsky, Master at Arms; Erskin Ehringhaus, Inner Guard.

Knights of Honor, John H. Engle, Dictator; R. B. Burgess, Reporter, J. P. Outlaw, Treasurer.

COUNTY OFFICERS

Commissioners—A. M. Scott, chairman, Elizabeth; Frank Weeks, Joseph Charles L. Weeks.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, E. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, S. Morris; County Examiner, Fred. Pool.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Aydlett, Jr., Carolinian Building
Ehringhaus, Elliott street,
Ward, Elliott street,
Woodhouse, Main street,
Pendleton, Main street,
Pearson st., Elliott street,
Jones, Carolinian Building,
Vaughan, Main street,
Burgess, Carolinian Building.

PHYSICIANS.

Lumsden, Road street.
Griggs, Church street,
McMullan, Church street,
Hall, Pennsylvania Ave.
Wilson, Church street.

DENTISTS.

White, Main street,
Cornwell, Water street.

DRUGGISTS.

Wadsworth, Road street,
Griggs, East Main street,
Griggs & Co., Water street,
Williams, Main street,
North Water street.

SCHOOLS.

Collegiate Inst., S. L. Sheep, Prin't
Normal (col.) I. N. Tillett, "
P. W. Moore, "

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, June 19, 1895.

☞Too cool and wet.

☞Cotton prospect isn't favorable.

☞The predictions made by Hicks for June are coming true.

☞Some of our Truckers have dug and shipped their potatoes too soon.

☞Paradoxical as it may seem, when Colleges are "commencing" they are really closing.

☞Nature generally looks out for her averages. These are the longest days in the year, and yet in them, ordinarily, men do the least work.

☞An order has been issued dismissing some forty clerks from the Pension Office, to take effect on the 30th inst. Among the number we notice the name of Miss Lessie Grandy, of Elizabeth City.

☞Frank M. Godfrey having declined to accept the office of County Examiner, Gaston Pool has been appointed and has qualified. See his notice to applicants for public schools in another column.

☞"The Champion," of New Whatcom, Washington, pays a glowing tribute to a Decoration Day address delivered at that city by our old friend Aug. M. Moore esq., now residing at Mt. Vernon, in that State. It is pronounced "the most entertaining and interesting feature of the program.

☞The Philomathesian Literary Society of Wake Forest College will, hereafter, each year, give a full free scholarship to the most deserving graduate from the Atlantic Collegiate Institute of Elizabeth City. This prize scholarship was secured through the influence of Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, and will be awarded by him and Prof. S. L. Sheep.

☞Mrs Elizabeth Pool, relict of George D. Pool sr., and mother of ex-Judge C. C. Pool, now Mayor of Elizabeth City, died at her residence on Cobb street, on Friday. Her remains were taken on Saturday evening to the family burying ground, on the old homestead in the country, for interment. Mrs Pool was a good woman and was greatly esteemed by all who knew her. She was in her 73rd year of age.

☞The venerabe Rev. E. P. Wilson died quite suddenly at Hampton, Va. on Saturday morning. He was one of the ablest and most esteemed ministers of the Methodist denomination. He was Pastor of the Church here about eight years ago and both as preacher and man he was greatly loved by everybody. After over fifty years of faithful service in his Master's vineyard, he has gone to his great reward.

☞At the meeting of the City Council on Wednesday evening the bonds of the Clerk, Treasurer and Constable were accepted. A committee, consisting of R F. Overman, T. A. Commander, W. C. Davis, J. P. Overman and M. B. Culpepper, was appoin-ed to suggest plans and specifications for carrying out the provisions of the Canal Bonds Act, and to report as early as practicable. Of course the committee will obtain all the information, expert and practical, that is available.

☞The following item, clipped from a recent issue of the New Castle, Pa., "Daily Courant," will interest a number of our local readers.

Mr. Gardner addressed the jury in behalf of the prisoner, making a powerful plea. He was followed by Mr. E. M. Underwood for the prosecution, who made one of the most striking addresses ever heard in the Lawrence county courts. This is the first time Mr. Underwood has ever been heard in such a case (murder) since his removal here from North Carolina.

☞Large and appreciative audiences attended the Commencement Exercises of the Atlantic Collegiate Institute last week. The admirably arranged programs were carried out and the hearty applause each night was evidence that everybody was delightfully entertained. The music was grand and the essays really excellent. They were "The Importance of Little Things," by Miss Berta Hinton; "The Nineteenth Century," by Miss Mattie S. Banks, and "Schools of Long Ago," by Miss Ada Melick. Not only were these essays well prepared but the originality and thought pervading them made a decidedly favorable impression. The orations, too, were of superior order. They were "Influence of Christianity," by Robert N. Davis; "Robert E. Lee," by R. B. Etheridge; "Success," by Joseph H. Hewitt, and "Future of our Republic," by Everett Thompson. The orators acquitted themselves creditably, displaying fine elocutionary powers.

——Our people feel proud of this Institute, and they have cause to, for it has done and is doing a great work for the town, the community and the district. Prof. Sheep is to be congratulated upon the success achieved. He has demonstated what energy and perseverance, coupled with adaptability and fitness in this special field of effort, can accomplish.

☞Our Washington letter miscarried this week.

☞Ladies, go to McCabe & Grice's for a thin summer corset.

☞The body of Robert Gregory, who was drowned in the upper Pasquotank the other day was recovered on Saturday and buried.

☞Zoeller's $1 90 size picture in frame can't be beat. Only for 30 days.

☞To the question, "Do all the States in the Union vote on the same day and month?" the CAROLINIAN answers, Yes.

☞Have you seen those Shoes at McCabe & Grice's.

☞We acknowledge the receipt of the Catalogue of Guilford College. It is the great Friends' College, is co-educational, and it ranks deservedly high.

☞Zoeller's Special—Pastel life-size in frame for $4.80. Only for next 30 days.

☞The price of corn at Norfolk 53 cents; in this market 50.

☞Go and see the summer millinery at McCabe & Grice's. Goods arriving every day.

☞A contemporary suggests that the great question, after all, is this: Will the new woman be responsible for the old man's debts?

☞Zoeller, the Water street Photographer, will give reduced prices on all copies enlarged pictures for next 30 days.

☞The Quarterly meeting of Pasquotank Circuit will be held at Union Church on Saturday and Sunday next, and Presiding Elder R. B. John will preach on Sunday morning In the afternoon at 3 o'clock he will preach at Newbegun.

☞A large line of Percals for shirt waists at McCabe & Grice'.

☞Carpets, Matting, Oil Cloth, and Spring Clothing at Fowler's, and at the right prices to match the times.

☞A bird flattered into our sanctum the other morning and chirped that several Democrats who do not live far off have made up their minds to leave the party. They will be heard from at the proper time. It has verily come to pass that instead of the "Co-operation" Legislature causing a stampede to the Democratic party, the tide is turning the other way.

☞If you want a Shoe that is durable, stylish and up-to-date, you can't do better than try the Zeigler Shoes at THE FAIR.

☞Children's Mull Hats at McCabe & Grice's.

☞"Do not for one instant forget,' said a famous Professor to his class, "that so-called failures are only milestones on the road to success. With each one passed there is just so much of the weary, inevitable journey behind you, and you are just so much nearer the goal." This is a comfortable theory which it would be well if all were philosophical enough to apply to their undertakings. If young people could only be taught to count their honest failures as so many premiums paid to experience, how much discouragement would be saved and how many ultimate triumphs won!

☞Before buying elsewhere call and see McCabe & Grice's clothing. It is being sold regardless of cost.

☞Men and boys' straw hats of all descriptions at McCabe & Grice's.

☞Is your wall faded or discolored? If it is, go to THE FAIR and get some of the Wall Paper they are selling so cheap.

☞Fowler & Co. will take pleasure in showing you their nice line of Silks, Cashmeres, Henriettas, Hamburgs and White Goods. An examination of goods and prices is sufficient to sell them.

☞McCabe & Grice have Tan Shoes and Slippers for children.

☞Call and see McCabe & Grice's new Sailor Hats for ladies.

☞McCabe & Grice have just received a line of new lawns. All the latest styles.

☞LADIES: At Fowler & Co's you'll find over 200 different styles of ladies fine shoes in black and russet. These shoes are manufacturer's samples, and ladies who wear 3's to 4's should not miss this opportunity of purchasing unusualy good shoes at a low price.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 4:42 and will set to-night at 7:19.—Mr. A. T. Gray, of Avon, spent a couple of days in the city last week. He gave us a call.—"Why don't you look where you are going?" irately remarked a man who bumped against another on Water street the other day. "Why don't you go where you're are looking?" was the brief reply.—Mr. Well H Waters returned to Philadelphia on Wednesday.—A man gains nothing by having a laugh at another's expense.—"Handsome is as handsome does," but handsome doesn't always do as handsome is.—Never be idle.—This is the latest from the Versifier.

This peculiar year we are learning to fear
The mixing of temperature horrid,
When it is cold, it is very, very cold,
And when it is warm it is torrid.

—It was a case of love and philosophy. "I've been told that you are grave and sedate, but I'm sure I find you jolly," said she. "Yes, I lose my specific gravity when you are the center of attraction," said he.—Maj. A. Meyers, of Norfolk, called and paid his respects on Thursday.—The "sweet girl students" have about all returned.—Misses Mollie and Bessie Shaw, of Shawboro, paid their friend Miss Lillie Grandy, on Upper Main street, a visit last week.—Uncertainty and expectation are joys of life.—The Cyclones won a victory at Hertford on Thursday. The game was spirited and exciting. The score stood 11 to 9 for our boys.—On "Then and Now" the Rhymster relates an instance:

"I'll lead the dance," he said to her,
Her cheeks grew red, her eyes grew dim,
They are married now and all is changed,
And quite a dance she's leading him.

—List your taxes. Mr. R. F. Overman, at the court house, is the lister for this township.—We tender our sympathy to Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Potter on the loss of their child last week.—It is easier to win applause than to make converts.—Miss Blanche Wilson, of Woodville, has been visiting her friend Miss Anna Cartwright in the First Ward.—There has been considerable sickness among children the past week.—Among the college boys returning since our last issue are Sam Lamb from Davidson, Anson E. Cohoon from the Agricultural and Mechanical and David Whitehurst from Eastman's.—The Odd Fellows are about to erect a new Hall here.—The Wag remarks that it is plainly paradoxical that a man of "looss" habits is the one who gets "tight."—A Sufferer says a man who has never had the toothache does not know the real pleasure there is in not having it.—We acknowledge a pleasant call the other day from Mr. L. Barber, of Mystic, Ct.—Mrs. Dr. J. H. White and children are off on a visit to relatives and friends at Jackson, N. C.—If you make good resolutions to-day keep them to-day. This is the only way to prevent crying over "spilt milk" to-morrow.—Col. H. Terry, now of Columbus, O., made a short call on Thursday. He was returning from a special court at Plymouth.—The following defective prescription is reported: "Doctor, what is a simple remedy for sleeplessness?" "Let the person count 'till he falls asleep." "He can't count. It's the baby."—Miss Narcissus Sawyer and brother, Master Ernest, paid a visit last week to their sister, Mrs. L. F. Ziegler, at Edenton.—A local lawyer was asked the other day whether a man's undershirtanddrawers were chattle property. He replied that if very dirty they might be claimed as real estate.—The Satirist thinks

As a rule a man's a fool,
When it's hot he wants it cool,
When its cool he wants it hot,
Always wanting what is not.

—E. F. Lamb, esq., who has been on the sick list is unable to be up and out yet.—The Committee on the Ordinances are revising and getting them in proper order.—There is only one thing a good many people are willing to have others share with them; it is their opinion. With this they are generous.—Mr. F. F. Cohoon has been exhibiting a Road and Street Grading Machine, showing its practical utility on some of our public roads and streets. It certainly does the work thoroughly and economically, too.—Chappie says that the young woman who wouldn't notice him on the street the other day is no gentleman. Of course not.—It was at the Market stall. "Will you have a round steak, Miss?" "Oh, I don't care what shape it is so its tender."—A sharp tongue is the only edged tool that grows keener with constant use—

He was a lad back from college,
She was a First Ward miss;
He said: "Let's osculate." She said:
"I'd much prefer to kiss!"

—Our Base Ball Team was defeated at Edenton on Friday, the score being 12 to 6. But they speak in high terms of praise of the social kind treatment shown them. Kent Vaughan, who accompanied the boys, met with an accident on Friday night, stepping from a window of his room at the Bay View out on what he supposed was a balcony, and fell some twenty feet to the ground, badly bruising his head and shoulders. A 7 months old child of Prof. W. M. Hinton, of the Public School, died on Saturday morning. It was taken to South Mills on Sunday for burial.—A rash Lover confesses:

Before I asked her for her hand
I thought a kiss I'd seek;
I got no kiss; her hand instead
I got upon my cheek!

—Bishop Watson officiated at the Episcopal Church on Sunday.—See notice of Administration on the estate of the late Thomas R. Mann.—Hon. P. H. Morgan, Sup't of Life-Saving Stations, was in the City Monday.—Coutractor and Builder P. S. Shipp is loading the "Elkanah Payne" with lumber and material for the barn he is about to build for Mr. H. Robinson on his Little River farm.—Several "drunks" have been "pulled" by the Police. The CAROLINIAN'S admonition is: Keep sober or abide the consequences. The laws must and will be enforced.—We are sorry to report that Mr. G. W. F. Stevens, the urbane and accommodating Chief Clerk at the Postoffice, is suffering from ill health. Hope soon to see him improving.—What's the latest about the Cotton Factory and the Fair?—The Patient remarks:

'Tis false to claim that doctors disagree;
Like lawyers, all are after the big fee.
—Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell attended the Wake Forest College Commencement last week.—Chief of Police Brooks is able to be out on duty again.—Col. Arthur L. Jones informs us that 50 years ago to-day he and Mrs Jones were married, and that the certificate was issued by W. W. Griffin who, with R. F. Overman and Nathan Walker, are the only white citizens still living who were here then. Very few couples live together to celebrate their fiftieth wedding anniversary.—The Memorial Sermon by Rev. J. H. Hall, at the Methodist Church on Sunday evening was an impressive one.—Two cases in the Mayor's Court yesterday, one drunk and the other disturbing a public gathering. Both sentenced to labor on the streets.—A match Base Ball game was played by the Blue & Gray and Cyclone Clubs yesterday evening. The score was 18 for the former and 9 for the latter.—The Baptist Sunday School have a Picnic and Excursion to Salem to-day.—Going to press early this morning, we have neither time nor space to notice the Public School Exercises which closed last night. The Opera House was packed and the performanee of the pupils more than met public expectation. The address of Rev. Mr. Cassell was an intellectual treat; the medal presentation speech of Mr. Griffin was happily pertinent, and the closing remarks of Prof. Hinton were eloquently suggestive. Meriting it, a fuller notice will appear in next week's CAROLINIAN.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth*, and it's pleasant to take.

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Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles,
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Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

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ONE DOLLAR

is a hundred cents, and you have a right to expect that value for it. To give you more no legitimate business man can make money, and we realize that to do it we must give value received. We might say our goods are

GIVEN AWAY

so low have we marked down the prices. With quick sales we can afford small profits. We guarantee every article as good as represented. We extend a cordial invitation

TO EVERY ONE

to call and examine our goods and prices even if they don't wish to buy, for we can thus convince you of the great bargains we are offering.

McGabe & Grice,

Leading Merchants and Hustlers,

WATER STREET,

Elizabeth City, N. C

DON'T

LET GRASS GROW

on the road to friendship. Be ever quick to prove to friends that you're ready to serve them better and better as the years roll on. On the friendship road, leading from you to us, we constantly use the mowing machine of "Lowest Possible Prices," and push it onward through the steady force of the good

READY-TO-PUT-ON-TAILOR-MADE-CLOTHING.

What keen blades this mowing machine has got, and how often we brighten and sharpen them up too. Young man in business, suppose you and another young man are trying to get a certain position, and suppose that, in most respects, you are both well qualified for it. Then suppose that the other man is a careful dresser and you are not; suppose his clothes fit while yours hang like rags. Who do you suppose will get the position? We begin with Underwear and fit men of almost every shape with every garment. Undershirts, Drawers, Socks, Shoes, White Shirts, Collars, Neckwear, Cuffs, Vests, Trowers, Coats. A bad fit will make a "dud" of the handsomest cloth.

IF YOUR FEET ARE PRETTY SHOW THEM.

But before doing so call on us and be fitted with a pair of Shoes that will make them more beautiful. If your feet are ugly our Shoes will make them look pretty.

PRICES JUST RIGHT.

Just received a full line of R. & G. Corsets at 75c and $1. We keep a full line of Neckwear, Shoes, Underwear, Clothing and General Furnishings for men, and a full line of seasonable Dress Goods, White Goods, Lawns, Percales, Indian Linen, Shoes etc., for ladies,

R. Salomonsky,

Reliable Advertiser of Facts.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Mrs. Sarah Field is reported on the sick list.

Miss Louisa Fleming was visiting in Camden Sunday.

Rev. J. W. Heritage, pastor of the Episcopal Church, was in town on Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Harriet Wiggins, who has made New York her home for the past four years, returned Monday.

Sunday was Children's Day at the Olive Branch Baptist Church. An interesting program was rendered. Collection $8.32.

Mrs. H. P. Pettigrew and daughters Lulu and Alice were summoned to Edenton on Saturday to the bedside of their sister and aunt who is very sick.

Hon. Hugh Cale returned on Saturday from carrying Mrs. John Simpson to the Insane Asylum at Goldsboro. Mrs. Simpson has many friends who deeply sympathise with her and the family in their affliction.

Prof. P. W. Moore, Principal of the Elizabeth City State Normal School, left Monday to attend the State Teachers' Association, which meets at Raleigh to-day.

Quarterly meeting was held at Mt. Labanon A. M. E. Zion Church on Sunday. Presiding Elder C. W. Winfied, D. D., occupied the pulpit in the afternoon and evening and delivered two very excellent sermons.

ECONOMICAL
—INK—

Barbour's Tablet Ink possesses many advantages over the best liquid ink, and is sold at a lower price. Dissolve a tablet in water and you get a dead black, permanent ink, that flows freely, does not gum, leaves no sticky, mussy sediment in the ink well, does not corrode the pen. You make it as you want it. If you buy it and don't like it, send it back and we'll return your money.

For fifteen cents, we will send enough tablets to make half a pint of combined writing and copying ink.

For fifty cents, we will send enough tablets to make a gallon of the best "school" ink you ever saw. School ink won't copy.

65 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK

Andrews School Furnishing Company

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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A WOMAN WHO WILL WORK

WANTED in every county to introduce the Celebrated "Hygea" Waists for all ages. This waist supercedes the corset, and has received the unanimous approval of the leading physicians of America. $3.00 outfit free. Any energetic woman can make from $15 to $50 weekly. Send for circulars and terms. HYGEIA M'F'G CO., 378 Canal st N Y

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Woldredge High-Class FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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WELL STOP RIGHT WHERE YOU ARE.

OUR NEW SPRING STOCK IS FULL OF THEM.

EVERY PURCHASE MADE AT OUR STORE IS A GUARANTEE BY US THAT YOU HAVE OBTAINED THE BEST & MOST FOR YOUR MONEY.

THE FAIR,
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING
Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Shoes &c.
—WATER STREET—
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

EVERY PURCHASE MADE AT OUR STORE IS AN ASSURANCE BY US THAT YOU'VE RECEIVED THE BEST QUALITY LATEST STYLE, LOWEST PRICE.

We Want Your Trade, we Want it in a way to Hold it.

BY SELLING THE BEST AND DIVIDING PROFITS WE CAN DO IT

If we Merit your Patronage on this basis, Come now and Pick out the Goods

Prices on Everything EXTREMELY LOW.

If it's Bargains You are Looking for, Come At Once to Us.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO

IT'S INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about **BACO-CURO.** It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with **BACO-CURO.** It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. An iron-clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms or money refunded. Price $1.00 per box or 3 boxes (30 days treatment and guaranteed cure) for $2.50. For sale by all druggist or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX. Booklets and proofs free. Eureka Chemical & M'f'g Co., La Crosse, Wis.

Office of the PIONEER PRESS CO., C. W. HORNICK, Supt.
St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 7, 1894.

Eureka Chemical and M'f'g Co., La Cross, Wis.

DEAR SIRS—I have been a tobacco fiend for many years, and during the past two years have smoked fifteen to twenty cigars regularly every day. My whole nervous system became affected, until my physician told me I must give up the use of tobacco for the time being at least. I tried the so-called "Keeley Cure," "No-To-Bac" and various other remedies but without success until I accidently learned of your "Baco-Curo." Three weeks ago to-day I commenced using your preparation, and to-day I consider myself completely cured; I am in perfect health, and the horrible craving for tobacco, which every inveterate smoker fully appreciates, has completely left me. I consider your Baco-Curo simply wonderful, and can fully recommend it.

Yours very truly, C. W. HORNICK.

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Spring & Summer
stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Millinery &c.
HAS ARRIVED.
New Goods, New Styles and the Lowest Prices. You are respectfully invited to call and look them over.
MOSES WEISEL.

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Address a letter or postal card to THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, - Managing Attorney, P. O. Box 463. - WASHINGTON, D. C.

PENSIONS PROCURED FOR WIDOWS, SOLDIERS, CHILDREN, PARENTS.

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OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Medical Superstitions.

That belief the Chinese have in the remedial qualities of substances forming a part of the human body seems to be irradicable. Thinking that Europeans still entertained the same silly ideas, led as much as anything else to the Tien-Tsin massacres of twenty-five years ago. Prehistoric man drank from a human skull, believing that the uncanny goblet had a certain potency. Not so long ago, the skull of a snicide was used in Caithness as a drinking cup for the cure of epilepsy. Even cases have been cited when superstitious people, within the last thirty years, have dug up bodies so as to possess themselves of skulls for the same purpose. As late as 1678, in the official pharmacopoeia of the London College of Physicians, mention is made "of the skull of a man who had died a violent death." For centuries in the past, for the manufacture of certain quack nostrums, notably anointment, ground skulls were used. The medical books of Nuremberg of 200 years ago always cite mummia—or the embalmed flesh of mummies—as a sovereign cure for certain diseases. The Egyptian mummy was a specific for one malady, the Tenceriffe mummy for another. Excluding all other strange substances employed in early medicine, there is a trace of cannibalism in the use of those mummied substances. It has been shown that cannibalism does not arize in all cases from hunger, but that to eat human flesh is a religious rite, and favored by the gods. In some remote manner, it has something to do with sacrifice. Describing superstitions, the fact is cited that to-day Irish peasants use skulls to hold water in, under the belief that the water thus becomes curative.—New York Press.

Blondin and His Rope.

The baggage of Blondin, the famous French tight rope walker, when on tour consists of the following: A main rope of 800 feet; circumference 6½ inches; weight, 800 pounds; twenty-eight straining ropes, fifty guide ropes, eighty tying bars—the average weight, not including poles, being five and a half tons. The freight of his fixings—including, we suppose, a huge traveling tent, which can encompass 14,000 people—amounted to $5000 between Southampton and Melbourne. About three days are consumed in making his preparations, with the aid of a dozen assistants. The due adjustment of his rope is his principal care, and he superintends every detail.

In a fragment of autobiography written some years ago, Blondin tells us that the rope he generally used was formed with a flexible core of steel wire covered with the best Manila hemp, about an inch or three-quarters of an inch in diameter, several hundred yards in length, and costing about $500. A large windlass at either end of the rope served to make it taut, while it was supported by two high poles. His balancing poles, of ash wood, vary in length, and are in three sections, and weigh from thirty-seven to forty-seven pounds. He is indifferent as to the height at which he is to perform. Blondin has never confessed to any nervousness on the rope, and while walking he generally looks eighteen or twenty feet ahead and whistles or hums some snatch of a song. The time kept by a musical band has frequently aided him in preserving his balance. Blondin is something of both carpenter and blacksmith, and is able to make his own models and fit up his own apparatus.—Chambers's Journal.

A Hotel Hoodoo.

"Don't shut that book. If you do you'll hoodoo this house," said a clerk in one of the largest hotels last night to a visitor, who, in leaving, had carelessly closed the hotel register. The clerk insisted and the visitor returned to open the book and ask an explanation.

"Why, don't you know," the clerk said, "that if you shut a hotel register and don't reopen it yourself you hoodoo the book? The next person registering on that book is sure to be a dead beat. At least that is the universal superstition among hotel men, and my observation has been that there is something in it. I wouldn't open that book to-night. I have often gone half way across the office to put my finger between the leaves and prevent some careless person like yourself from shutting the register. Almost every one has a superstition and that is one of the most important in a hotel clerk's creed."—Kansas City Star.

Captain Jonathan Pinkham is actively serving as a pilot at Bath, Me., at the age of eighty-four. He says that he is the oldest pilot in New England.

Icebergs in the Atlantic sometimes last for 200 years.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

It is estimated that electric cars have already displaced 1,500,000 horses.

Tobacco Destroys Vitality.

Nervous system paralyzed by nicotine means lost manhood, weak eyes, and a general all gone look and feeling that robs life of its pleasure. Tobacco is the root of many an impotent symptom, and No-To-Bac a guaranteed cure that will make you strong, vigorous and happy in more ways than one. No-To-Bac guaranteed and sold by Druggists everywhere. Book, titled "Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away." Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

Worse Than Rum.

Indigestion spoils more lives than rum. But you think you have "malaria" or "grip," or something worse. The trouble is all in the digestive tract. Ripans Tabules bring a sort of Millennium with them. One gives relief, and their habitual use keeps the whole system in tone. Get them of your druggist.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Write for testimonials, free. Manufactured by F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine.—F. M. ABBOTT, 383 Seneca Street, Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

If You are Tired

All the time, without special exertion, as tired in the morning as when you retire at night, you may depend upon it, your blood is impure and is lacking in vitality. That is why it does not supply strength to nerves and muscles. You need

Hood's Sarsaparilla

To purify and enrich your blood. A few bottles of this great medicine will give you strength and vitality because it will make pure blood. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25 cents

FOUND WATERY GRAVES.

A Long Chain of Summer Drowning Accidents.

FOUR YOUNG WOMEN PERISH.

Of a Party of Seven Girls Who Went Bathing, Three Only Were Rescued--Died to Save Another---Three Boys Lost in the Lake at Cleveland, Ohio---Half a Score Sink in Russia.

Details of a distressing accident, which resulted in the drowning of four girls at Big Run, a hamlet near Dubois, Penn., have just been received. The unfortunate ones were members of a party of seven girls, whose ages ranged from thirteen to sixteen. They were bathing in a small stream called Mahoning Creek.

Their names were Sadie and Maggie Anthony, Rosa Rimer and Cora Rugh. Only one of the girls could swim, and when Maggie Anthony suddenly disappeared in a hole of deep water a panic ensued. All were soon beyond their depth and crying for aid.

The girl who could swim rescued two of her companions, but could do no more. Before aid could reach them the other four had disappeared for the last time beneath the surface. The bodies were all recovered.

Lost His Life to Save a Woman.

Mrs. Mary Pass and Mrs. John Ross, of Norristown, Penn., in company with Angelo Brown, went to the Schuylkill River a few afternoons ago above West Conshohooken to bathe. Mrs. Pass got beyond her depth and Brown went to her assistance. The burden was too much for him and he had to release his hold.

He was so exhausted that he sank and drowned. In the meantime Thomas Smith went to the woman's assistance and rescued her. She was unconscious, but was brought back to life.

Mrs. Pass's husband committed suicide by drowning several weeks ago, and she was engaged to be married to Brown.

Drowned in the Harlem Mere.

Several boys were playing ball near the Harlem mere in Central Park, New York City, just before dark. The boy at the bat hit the ball and sent it flying into the water.

The boys made a vain effort to reach the floating ball with sticks. Finally one of the boys, held by a playmate, in leaning far over the brink of the lake, lost his balance and fell into the water, dragging with him the boy who had hold of him.

John J. Irving got one of the boys ashore and then waded and swam out to the place where the other, Joseph Genther, had gone down. He dived repeatedly, but could not save the boy. The body was recovered.

Boys Drowned Trying to Save Another.

Three boys were drowned in Lake Erie, Cleveland, Ohio, near the life saving station, two of them in an attempt to save their companion. They were: Michael Sheridan, eleven years old; Patrick Morris, twelve years; Emmett Sweeney, eleven years. They were bathing in six feet of water, all being good swimmers. Morris was taken with cramps and Sheridan went to his assistance, but his strength gave out. Sweeney then attempted to rescue them, but all three became locked in a frenzied grip and were drowned.

His Body Found in the Hudson.

The body of Frank B. Hull, son of District Attorney Hull, of Washington County, Secretary of the State Firemen's Association, was found in the Hudson River near Troy, N. Y. Hull had been missing for about a week, and it is thought to be a case of suicide.

Mother Saved; Five Children Lost.

A sailing vessel capsized on the Stint Lake, Russia, and twelve out of sixteen persons on board drowned. A woman who was saved lost five children.

STUDENTS SHOT BY A COLORED MAN.

Two Freshmen Receive Desperate Wounds at Princeton (N. J.) College.

The most dastardly crime in the history of Princeton (N. J.) College was committed late a few nights ago when Garrett Cochran and Frederick Pearson Ohl, of the Class of '98, were shot down, seemingly without provocation, by a colored man, John Collins. Cochran and Ohl were placed in the infirmary at the point of death, and Collins was locked up in the Trenton jail. There were few witnesses to the tragedy, and from these no motive could be learned for the shooting. John Thompson, who keeps the largest boarding-house for students in Princeton, is the only witness who gives an intelligent account of the affair.

The shooting grew out of a street quarrel. Dr. Bull, of New York City, hurried on a special train to the college and extracted the two bullets.

GREAT CLOUDBURST IN GERMANY.

Many Persons Drowned and Much Damage to Property Done in Wurtemburg.

The Black Forest district of Wurtemburg, Germany, was deluged by a cloudburst, inundating a vast tract of territory. A large number of persons were drowned and almost incalculable damage was done to property. The volume of falling water caused the River Eyach to overflow, and a hundred or more houses in the villages along the river bank were swept away.

One house in Balingen, with nine occupants, was carried away, and as yet no trace of it has been found. Four houses were destroyed in Frommern and fifteen of the persons who occupied them are missing.

Ten persons are known to have been drowned in Balingen, seven in Frommern, fifteen in Laufen and several in other villages. Besides these many others were missing.

Growth of Cremation.

At the meeting in Boston of the New-England Cremation Society President John Storer Coob gave interesting statistics, showing that the number of cremations in America has steadily increased from thirty-six in 1885 to 876 in 1894. To-day there are seventeen crematories in operation.

Waziris Show Fight.

Waziristan tribesmen made an attack upon Fort Sandeman, in the Waziri territory, India, killing Lieutenant How of the British Army and eleven of his attendants.

Breaks His Arm in Throwing.

William H. Soper, a '96 dental student from Greensburg, Wis., met with a curious accident on the baseball field at Ann Arbor, Mich. He was playing in a class game, and in making a throw home from the outfield gave his arm a jerk that broke it near the joint. The doctors are much puzzled as to how the fracture could have occurred.

Killed in a Mine Collapse.

The top of the Doe Run Lead Mine, at Flat River, Mo., caved in, killing three men and badly injuring a fourth. The dead are Robert Penhorfy, Robert Labuyure, John Decrous.

Seeking a Cure for Leprosy.

The Board of Health of Honolulu, Hawaii, has established at Kalih, near Honolulu, a hospital for the treatment of lepers, with a view to discovering a remedy. The patients, twelve in number, were taken from the leper colony at Kalawao Island, on the Island of Molokai. Hot medicated baths will be used. Remedies which experience has suggested will be tested in the treatment of the disease. Careful notice will be taken of the patients' progress during the different stages of the disease.

French Naval Expenditures.

The French naval expenditures for the coming year are estimated at $54,600,880, with $1,600,000 for new ships.

Healthy Boom in Business.

The growth of confidence and of business has been gradual. The improving trade comes because the necessities for the goods are extremely urgent.

Salvation Army's National Headquarters.

The new National Headquarters of the Salvation Army, at Fourteenth street and Sixth avenue, New York City, was formally dedicated with much ceremony.

Plenty of Apples, After All.

Reports from Delaware and Chenango Counties, New York, tend to show that the fruit crop is not injured so seriously by frosts as first believed. Apples will be plentiful.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

24	MILK AND CREAM.		
Receipts of the week, fluid milk, gals.			1,009,286
Condensed milk, gals.			19,850
Cream, gals.			73,699
BUTTER.			
Penn.—Fresh, extras	—	@	18
Firsts	16	@	17
Thirds to seconds	12	@	15
State—Fancy	—	@	17
Seconds to firsts	11	@	16
Western Im. Creamery	11	@	15
Western Dairy	—	@	—
Factory, fresh	8	@	12
CHEESE.			
State—Fullcream, white, fancy	—	@	7¼
Full cream, good to prime	6½	@	7
State Factory—Part skims, common to prime	2	@	3½
Part skims, choice	4	@	4½
Full skims	1	@	1½
EGGS.			
State & Penn—Fresh	—	@	14½
Jersey—Fancy	—	@	15
Western—Prime to choice	13½	@	14
Duck eggs	—	@	—
Goose eggs	—	@	—
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, 1894, choice	2 55	@	2 60
Medium, 1894, choice	—	@	2 05
Pea, 1894, choice	2 15	@	2 20
Red kidney, 1894, choice	1 90	@	2 00
White kidney, 1894, choice	2 25	@	2 35
Black turtle soup, 1894	1 50	@	1 60
Lima, Cal., 1894, ₱ 60 lbs	3 10	@	3 15
Green peas, bbls	—	@	1 02½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Cherries, N. C., ₱ lb	3	@	10
Blackberries, N. C., ₱ qt	5	@	10
Muskmelons, Fla., ₱ bbl	2 00	@	4 00
Watermelons, each	35	@	45
Apples, greenings, ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Baldwin	—	@	—
Golden Russet	2 00	@	3 75
Grapes, Del., ₱ basket	—	@	—
Catawba	—	@	—
Strawberries, Up-river, ₱ qt	5	@	8
Md., prime, ₱ qt	3	@	5
Jersey, ₱ qt	3	@	6
Peaches, ₱ crate	1 50	@	3 00
HOPS.			
State—1894, choice, ₱ lb	8	@	8½
1894, common to fair	4	@	6
Pacific Coast, choice	8	@	8½
Good to prime	6½	@	7
Old odds	2	@	3
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	75	@	80
Clover mixed	—	@	60
Straw—Long rye	45	@	65
Oat	35	@	40
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb	10	@	10½
Spring chickens, ₱ lb	15	@	30
Roosters, old, ₱ lb	—	@	6
Turkeys, ₱ lb	8	@	9
Ducks, ₱ pair	40	@	85
Geese, ₱ pair	60	@	1 12
Pigeons, ₱ pair	20	@	35
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	8	@	9
Chickens, Phila. broilers	40	@	45
Capons, Phila.	—	@	—
Western	—	@	—
Fowls, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Ducks, ₱ lb	7	@	11
Geese, ₱ lb	5	@	8
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 25	@	2 25
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, Bermuda, ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Southern, ₱ bbl	2 75	@	3 50
Sweet, ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Cabbage, N. C., ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 50
Onions—Yellow, ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Bermuda, ₱ crate	—	@	1 25
Squash, marrow, ₱ bbl	—	@	2 00
Yellow, ₱ crate	—	@	—
Asparagus, ₱ doz. bunches	50	@	1 00
Cucumbers, Fla., ₱ crate	50	@	1 00
Turnips	1 50	@	2 50
Beets, ₱ 100 bunches	2 00	@	3 00
Peas, Jersey, ₱ ½ bbl	50	@	75
Radishes, ₱ 100 bunches	25	@	50
Spinach	—	@	—
Tomatoes, ₱ carrier	1 00	@	1 75
Rhubarb	75	@	1 00
Lettuce, ₱ bbl	50	@	1 00
Kale	—	@	—
String beans, N. C., ₱ bushel	1 50	@	3 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	4 50	@	4 75
Spring Patents	4 65	@	4 75
Wheat, No. 2 Red	—	@	83½
July	—	@	83½
Corn—No. 2	56¾	@	57
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	37
Track, White	37	@	43
Malt—Western	—	@	—
Barley—Ungraded Western	—	@	—
Seeds—Timothy, ₱ 100	—	@	—
Clover	—	@	—
Lard—City steam	—	@	6¼
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	6½	@	8½
Milch cows, com. to good	—	@	—
Calves, city dressed	7	@	9
Country dressed	6½	@	8½
Sheep, ₱ 100 lbs	2 00	@	3 25
Lambs, ₱ 100 lbs	4 00	@	6 75
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lbs	5 12½	@	5 25
Dressed	5	@	7

SILVER'S HOSTS ASSEMBLE.

The Southern and Western States Convention at Memphis, Tenn.

The Southern and Western States Silver Convention was called to order at Memphis, Tenn., by W. M. Brown, of Memphis, Chairman of the General Bimetallic League, of Shelby County, Tennessee, which sent out the call for the meeting.

Colonel Casey Young, of Memphis, delivered an address of welcome, and Senator Harris arose to introduce the Permanent Chairman. He made a short speech, explaining the object of the convention and the call. It was strictly non-partisan and was called for one purpose only—to consider the rehabilitation of silver.

Senator Harris then introduced Senator Turple, of Indiana, as Permanent Chairman. The nomination of E. B. Wade, of Tennessee for Secretary, followed.

The delegations varied greatly in size, the largest coming from Mississippi and Tennessee, and the smallest from some of the far Western or so-called silver States.

Twenty-six States and Territories were represented by 2000 delegates in delegations varying from half a dozen to half a thousand. In the main it was a Southern affair every State in Dixie being represented. All the silver-producing States also took part, as did a number of the Western States and one Middle State, Pennsylvania.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, presided at the night session of the convention. Joseph C. Sibley, of Pennsylvania, addressed the convention.

Newsy Gleanings.

A corner in camphor is reported.

China promises a big crop of tea.

The Napoleon fad shows signs of fading.

South Australia is having a business revival.

Hot winds are damaging the crops of the Northwest.

Mount Vesuvius is in a state of violent eruption again.

Russia is to establish a permanent legation at the Vatican, Rome.

Commissioners from Mosquito ask Colombia to annex the reservation.

The passenger rates from Chicago to St. Louis have been reduced to $4.

The Germans are having a lively time suppressing the Cameroon uprising.

The Salvation Army officers of Chattanooga, Tenn., all ride the bicycle.

There are 17,000 or 18,000 people in the new district just annexed to New York City.

The Lake street elevated road, Chicago, decided to discard steam and adopt electricity.

Cattlemen in Argentina are contracting to deliver dressed oxen in Liverpool at $60 per 700-pound carcass.

About 100,000 cases of Columbia River salmon have been bought for the British isles this season, as against 30,000 last year.

There have been so many tourists at Jerusalem this year that many preferred tents outside the walls to the crowded hotels.

The Michigan Legislature failed by just a tie vote in the House to pass a law restoring capital punishment for murder in the first degree.

The St. Louis United Elevator Company find that its elevators are short 200,000 bushels of wheat, and nobody can account for its disappearance.

It is becoming each day a more serious problem for the Navy Department to man our new ships with the small number of sailors allowed by law.

The cherry crop of Santa Clara County, California, this year will exceed 6,000,000 pounds, an increase of nearly two million pounds over last year.

Rev. Dr. John Hall, of New York City, when the Presbyterian General Assembly asked for $1,000,000, started the fund by subscribing the $1000 saved by the death of the income tax, and urged all Presbyterians to contribute the amount of the tax which they would otherwise have paid.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

The President directed that Paymaster H. R. Smith of the navy be dismissed from the service for drunkenness.

The State Department is co-operating with the Navy Department in preventing filibustering expeditions from leaving the United States to aid the Cuban insurgents.

President Cleveland will visit the Atlanta Exposition in October. This agreement was made at the White House when the delegation from the "Gate City of the South" waited upon the President and invited him to attend their exposition.

President Cleveland went for a day's fishing near Leesburg, London County, Va., accompanied by his old fishing companion, Joseph S. Miller, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and Secretary Morton.

Secretary Herbert ordered that the United States battleship Iowa be fitted as a flagship.

The Department of State received a cablegram from Cape Town, South Africa, announcing the death there of Charles H. Benedict, United States Consul at that place. Mr. Benedict was born in New York, and appointed to the Cape Town consulate by President Cleveland in June, 1893.

The report of the Board of Visitors to the Annapolis Naval Academy has been completed. It recommend the renovation of all the buildings connected with the school and a reconstruction of some of them on a fixed system.

Washington officials considered the advisability of sending a warship to Key West, Fla., to prevent filibustering expeditions starting for Cuba.

The President appointed ex-Representative W. J. Coombs, of Brooklyn, to be a Government Director of the Union Pacific Railroad.

Domestic.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Boston	23	13	.639	Cincinnati	21	20	.513
Pittsburg	27	16	.628	Philadel	19	19	.500
Cleveland	24	17	.585	Brooklyn	19	20	.487
Baltimore	21	15	.583	Wash'ng'n	18	21	.462
Chicago	25	19	.568	St. Louis	15	28	.349
New York	21	19	.525	Louisville	6	32	.158

Mayor Strong, of New York City, signed a proclamation making Monday, June 17, a municipal holiday, so that all city employes would have an opportunity of witnessing the two pageants attending the opening of the Harlem Ship Canal.

Eugene V. Debs surrendered himself and was taken to Woodstock (Ill.) jail.

The graduating class of the West Point Military Academy received their diplomas.

Siegmund Schmeidler shot and wounded his wife and then killed himself in New York City.

The Milford (N. H.) Savings Bank suspended payment. The Bank of Commerce, Indianapolis, Ind., suspended business.

Six of the A. R. U. directors were sent to jail in Woodstock, Ill., to serve out their terms. President Debs did not keep his promise to appear at the station and deliver himself up to the marshal.

The persons who blew up a Hungarian boarding shanty near Wilkesbarre, Penn., several months ago, killing four men, have been arrested. Five men and two women, all colored, were concerned in the scheme, which was for robbery.

At Harrisburg, Penn., S. Harry Kishpaugh, son of C. M. Kishpaugh, of the Internal Affairs Department, died from injuries received in a football game at the Davis Military School, in Winston, N. C., in the fall of 1893.

The United States ship Monongahela, with the cadets on board, left the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., on her summer cruise.

Fifty-two buildings were destroyed by fire at Cameron, W. Va.

Fire at Milwaukee, Wis., destroyed the Forster Lumber Company's yards. Uhrig's coal yard and the steam barge Raleigh, of Detroit. The total loss is about $300,000. Sixteen horses belonging to the Forster Company were burned alive.

A freight train ran into a trolley car in Streator, Ill., and killed two passengers.

Mrs. James Ish shot and killed R. Chapell, a sewing-machine agent, in Omaha, Neb.

J. K. Emmet, a young comedian, while half crazed with drink tried to kill his wife, known on the stage as Emily Lytton, in San Francisco, Cal.

Miss Sarah Jane Lester, Assistant Secretary of the Young Women's Christian Association, of Brooklyn, was instantly killed by being caught in an electric elevator.

Mrs. Marian Whitelaw Reid, mother of Whitelaw Reid, editor of the New York Tribune, died suddenly at Xenia, Ohio, in her ninety-second year.

Miss Cora Wood, Assistant Postmistress at Conneaut Lake, Penn., has been arrested, charged with the embezzlement of $347.

A lumber train was wrecked at Happy Hollow, in Ouachita County, Ark., and three men were killed and a dozen injured.

By a fire on East Monument street, Baltimore, Md., 100 persons were made homeless and $125,000 worth of property was burned. The planing mill of A. Storck & Co., the lumber yard adjoining and nineteen dwellings were destroyed.

Three miners were killed by the caving in of a portion of the roof of the Doe Run Lead Company's mine in Farmington, Mo.

Secretary Herbert presented the diplomas to the graduating class of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md.

John H. Cooper, an amateur musical composer, died at White Plains, N. Y., of hydrophobia.

Mayor Strong, of New York City, announced his new Justices of Special Sessions and City Magistrates, giving seven to the Republicans, six to the various independent Democratic element and one to Tammany.

Governor Altgeld and other free silver Democrats, of Illinois, determined to organize a National silver party.

Foreign Notes.

Three more survivors of the Colima disaster have been heard from in Mexico.

The new-born American liner St. Louis finished creditably her maiden voyage across the Atlantic. Her actual time from Sandy Hook to the Needles was seven days, three hours and fifty-three minutes. She made an average speed of 18.37 knots. Her engines worked to perfection.

General Maximo Gomez invaded the province of Puerto Principe, Cuba, with a force of insurgents.

The cloudburst in Austria washed away a great number of bridges and houses in the communes of Schwarzenbach, Schlatten and Hochwoltersdorf. Twelve persons were drowned in the town of Schwarzenbach alone.

The Greek Ministry resigned; M. Theodore Delyannis was summoned by the King to form another Cabinet.

Further news from the Roberndorf Valley, in Austria, which was swept by a storm, shows that seventy persons were killed.

The British, French and Russian Ambassadors made a formal demand upon the Sultan of Turkey that he disarm the Jeddah Bedouins and pay indemnity for the attack upon the Consuls.

The French Chamber of Deputies, by a vote of 362 to 105, declared its confidence in the policy of the Government. M. Hanotaux declared that the visit of the French squadron to Kiel, Germany, was merely an act of politeness

A statue of the late Sir John A. MacDonald was unveiled at Montreal, Canada.

The new Italian Parliament was opened by King Humbert.

Cholera has become alarmingly prevalent in the Zaborze district of Prussian Silesia.

The Japanese have taken Keelung, on the Island of Formosa, and are advancing on Tai-Peh.

The Turkish Ministry resigned and a new Cabinet was formed, with Kiamil Pacha as Grand Vizier.

Ecuadorean rebels hold now eleven provinces, and the four principal seaports of that republic.

By the explosion of an Ecuadorean gunboat fifteen men were killed and seventeen injured.

Two Lynched in Texas.

Alexander White and John Cherry, the colored murderers of a man named Johnson, were lynched by a crowd of citizens at Keno, Texas. The effects of the murdered man were found on the victims.

The Iowa Populists.

The Populist State Convention at Des Moines, Iowa, adopted a platform which calls for the free coinage of silver. The following ticket was named: Governor, Sylvester Crane, Davenport; Lieutenant-Governor, A. R. Starrett, Humboldt; Supreme Judge, T. W. Ivory, Glenwood; State Superintendent, L. R. Tabor, Guthrie Centre; Railroad Commissioner, E. J. Stason, Woodbury County.

Took No Nourishment for 48 Days.

Mrs. Lena Bridenbaugh of Gibraltar, Penn., who had been ill for two months, is dead. When she became ill she weighed 160 pounds. At her death she weighed thirty-five pounds. She had taken no nourishment for forty-eight days.

NO AID FOR THE CUBANS.

The President's Proclamation Gives Warning to American Filibusters.

NEUTRALITY MUST BE PRESERVED

People Within Our Borders Must Not Help the Patriots—Officers of the United States Enjoined to Execute the Laws and Bring Offenders to Trial and Punishment---Guarding Florida's Coast.

President Cleveland issued a proclamation to the citizens of the country, admonishing them to observe the neutrality laws between the United States and Spain. This action is based upon the urgent request of the Spanish Minister that some official steps be taken to prevent American citizens from assisting the belligerents in Cuba. The Spanish Minister had a long conference with Secretary of State Olney on this subject. The object of the proclamation is to place the United States Government in a friendly attitude toward Spain, and guard against any claim for damages that may hereafter be instituted against the United States Government for violation of the friendly relations clause of the treaty existing between the two Nations. It has been charged recently that a filibustering expedition started for Cuba with arms and munitions for the insurgents. The Spanish Minister notified the Secretary of State, and urged immediate action to prevent aid and comfort being furnished to the belligerents. As a precautionary measure, the Secretary of the Navy ordered the Raleigh to proceed to Key West, Fla., with instructions to patrol the coast and see that no filibustering expeditions leave this country. The action of the President is generally regarded as timely and proper, and it is a formal notice to the world that the United States is not in sympathy with any filibustering movement that may be contemplated by the friends of the belligerents who reside along the South Atlantic coast. It is evident from what has occurred in the past that there are many sympathizers with the belligerents in this country.

The President's proclamation follows:

"Whereas, The island of Cuba is now the seat of serious civil disturbances, accompanied by armed resistance to the authority of the established Government of Spain, a Power with which the United States are and desire to remain on terms of peace and amity; and

"Whereas, The laws of the United States prohibit their citizens as well as all others being within and subject to their jurisdiction, from taking part in such disturbances adversely to such established Government, by accepting or exercising commissions for warlike service against it, by enlistment or procuring others to enlist for such service, by fitting out or arming, or procuring to be fitted out and arming ships of war for such service, by augmenting the force of any ship of war engaged in such service and arriving in a port of the United States, and by setting on foot or providing or preparing the means for military enterprises to be carried on from the United States against the territory of such Government.

"Now, therefore, in recognition of the laws aforesaid, and in discharge of the obligations of the United States toward a friendly Power, and as a measure of precaution, and to the end that citizens of the United States and all others within its jurisdiction may be deterred from subjecting themselves to legal forfeitures and penalties.

"I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States of America, do hereby admonish all citizens and other persons to abstain from every violation of the laws hereinbefore referred to, and do hereby warn them that all violations of such laws will be rigorously prosecuted; and I do hereby enjoin upon all officers of the United States charged with the execution of said laws the utmost diligence in preventing violations thereof and in bringing to trial and punishment any offenders against the same.

"In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington this 12th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and nineteenth.

"By the President: GROVER CLEVELAND.
"RICHARD OLNEY, Secretary of State."

Spain Will Push the War.

Preparations are under way in Spain to have 40,000 troops ready to sail for Cuba in August, besides the 10,000 men who will start for the island next month. There are now about 30,000 Spanish troops on the island. The Senate has passed a bill authorizing the Government to raise 600,000,000 pesetas ($120,000,000), should that amount be necessary to put down the insurrection. An official dispatch from Havana says that insurgents have appeared in the Camaguey district of the central province. This is regarded as important.

Embargo on Crops.

The Cuban revolutionists are putting an embargo on the coffee, cacao and tobacco crops in the interior. They have forbidden planters to transport these products to market. Yellow fever is increasing on the island.

HELPED BY A GERMAN IRONCLAD.

She Goes to the Assistance of a French Transport in Distress.

The debates in the French Chamber of Deputies upon the action of the Paris Government in sending warships to Kiel have added interest to the comments of the German papers upon a recent instance of German courtesy to a French ship in the Red Sea. On May 25, the French transport ship Commorin was observed by the German ironclad Kaiser, cruising in the Red Sea, to signal that she was unable to proceed owing to a disarrangement of her engines. The commander of the Kaiser sent one of that vessel's engineers on board the Commorin to render what assistance he could. The German engineer helped to put the Commorin's engines in order and the Kaiser afterward towed the Commorin for a short time.

Ohl of Princeton Dead.

Frederick P. Ohl, aged nineteen, one of the two students at Princeton (N. J.) College shot by the colored man Collins, died in the Isabella McCosh Infirmary, where he was taken for treatment immediately after the shooting. His father and other relatives and several members of the faculty were at the bedside.

Peritonitis caused by the wound and subsequent operation was the immediate cause of death. His body was taken to his home in Sharon, Penn., for burial.

Prominent People.

Dr. Parkhurst has sailed for Europe.

The Marquis of Lorne is going to write the libretto of an opera.

The Empress of Austria is subject to frequent fits of insanity.

The German Emperor has again taken to riding before breakfast.

The King of Siam in his state attire is worth more than $1,000,000.

Krupp, the German gun manufacturer, pays an income tax of $200,000 a year.

The dignified Charles Francis Adams bowling along on a bicycle is one of the sights of Boston.

A recent suit in New York discloses that the late Henry S. Ives, "Napoleon of Finance," left $4590.

Joseph H. Choate's fee for arguing against the income tax before the Supreme Court was $150,000.

The bicycle of the Khedive of Egypt is a gorgeous machine, almost entirely covered with silver plating.

Governor Greenhalge has vetoed more bills than any other Massachusetts Governor within the memory of man.

General von Hanneken, who has played so great a part in the Japan-Chinese war, is on his way back to his home in Germany.

It is said that in spite of all the talk about Governor Altgeld's abuse of the pardoning power he has pardoned fewer criminals than his predecessor.

Prince Bismarck, by his physician's advice, declined an invitation from the Emperor to attend the opening of the Baltic Canal.

It is said that the Marquis of Queensberry gives away more in proportion to his means than any other man in the British peerage.

Plancon, the French baritone, proposes to become an American citizen. He likes the United States and expects to invest most of his savings in land here.

Edmund G. Ross, ex-United States Senator from Kansas, whose vote saved Andrew Johnson from impeachment, is now a job printer in Albuquerque, New Mexico.

Senator Hoar has had the following sign placed on his grounds at Asnebumskit, Mass.: "Notice—You Are Welcome. Build No Fires, Bring No Guns, and Pull Up No Flowers by the Roots."

ATTORNEY-GENERAL HARMON.

Justice Harlan, of the Supreme Court, Administers the Oath of Office.

The new member of the President's official family, Attorney-General Judson Harmon, has been formally inducted into office. He arrived in Washington at 7.30 o'clock a. m., and went at once to the Arlington Hotel, where he will live for the summer. After breakfast the new Attorney-General walked over to the White House to see the President. Judge Harmon was obliged to introduce himself to Mr. Cleveland, because it has been five years since they met in 1890, and then it was at a public banquet.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL HARMON.

When Judge Harmon arrived, President Cleveland was in his office, and after greeting the new Cabinet officer cordially, took a good look at him to see if he was satisfactory. The Cincinnati man is large in build, but his 200 pounds is made up of big bones and tissue and not fat. He has a pleasant face and most genial manner, and is destined to be exceedingly popular with the official family.

Judge Harmon, after talking with the President for some time, informed him that he was ready to take the oath of office, and preparations were made for this ceremony at once. After leaving the White House, Judge Harmon walked over to the Department of Justice and was introduced to Solicitor Conrad and the other officials.

Justice John M. Harlan, of the Supreme Court, who administered the oath to the new Attorney-General, is an old friend of the new official. Those present during the ceremony were Secretary Olney, Assistant Secretary Uhl, K. M. Landis (the late Secretary Gresham's Private Secretary) and J. Walter Blandford, who has been Mr. Olney's Secretary for the last two years, and who was selected to succeed Mr. Landis in the State Department.

NEW YORK BRIDGE PLAN APPROVED.

War Department Accepts the Six-Track Span Across North River.

Secretary of War Lamont has approved one of the plans submitted by the New York and New Jersey Bridge Company for a suspension bridge across the Hudson River, connecting New York City and Weehawken, N. J. This plan is known as the Union Bridge Company's plan.

The plan was accompanied by a guarantee that the company would build the bridge at a cost not to exceed $25,000,000.

The structure which has been agreed upon is to be a suspension bridge crossing the river from a point between Sixty-eighth and Sixty-ninth streets. It is to span the water without any support between the pier-